# **INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE, NAGPUR.**

(An Autonomous Institute of Government of Maharashtra)

# DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY



# Syllabus

Master of Science (M.Sc.) Semester Pattern

Chemistry

(CHE/PG/2021/01)

(To be Implemented from 2021-2022)

Institute of Science, Nagpur - Syllabus for M. Sc. Chemistry.

# **SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY**

**M.Sc.-I Semester I** 

# MCFS11: Paper I (Inorganic Chemistry)

60 h (4 h per week): 15 h per unit 80 Marks

# Unit-I

# A) Stereochemistry and Bonding in Main Group Compound:

VSEPER-Shape of simple inorganic molecules and ions containing lone pairs, various stereo chemical rules and resultant geometry of the compounds of non-transitional elements, short coming of VSEPR model. Bent's rule and energetics of hybridization.

# **B) Metal – Ligand Bonding:**

Crystal Field Theory: Splitting of d-orbital in tetragonal, square planar and trigonal bipyramid

complexes. John teller effect, spectrochemical series, nephelauxetic effect. Limitaion of crystal field theory. M.O. theory for octahedral, tetrahedral & square planar complexes with and without  $\pi$ -bonding.

# Unit-II

# A) Metal – Ligand Equilibria in Solution:

Stepwise and overall formation constants; trends in stepwise formation constants; factors affectingstability of metal complexes with reference to nature of metal ion, ligand, chelate effect and thermodyanamic origin. Determination of formation constant by :

(1) spectrophotometric method (Job's and Mole ratio method)

(2) Potentiometric method (Irving-Rossotti Method)

# B) Reaction Mechanism of Transition metal complexes:

Energy Profile of a reaction, reactivity of metal complexes, Inert and Labile complexes, Kinetics of Octahedral substitution: Acid hydrolysis, factors affecting acid hydrolysis, Stereochmistry of intermidiates in  $SN^1 \& SN^2$ , Base hydrolysis, Conjugate base mechanism, Direct and indirect evidences in favour of conjugate mechanism, Annation reaction, reaction without metal-ligand bond breaking.

# Unit-III: Cluster- I

**Boron hydrides**: Classification, nomenclature, structure, bonding and topology of boranes, 4-digit coding (s, t, y, x) numbers for higher boranes and their utilities. Chemistry of diboranes: Study of Metalloboranes, Carboranes and Metallocarboranes with reference to preparations and structures.

# Unit – IV: Cluster-2

# A) Metal-Metal bonds:

Occurrence of metal-metal bond, Classification of metal clusters, Binuclear, trinuclear, tetranuclear, pentanuclear and hexanuclear with reference to halide, oxide, alkoxide and acetate clusters.

**B**) Isopoly, Heteropoly acids and their anions.

5h

10h

# 5h

10h

# 15h

# 10h

# List of Books

- 1) S. F. A. Kettle, J. N. Murral and S. T. Teddler: Valency Theory
- 2) C. A. Coulson: Valency
- 3) J. E. Huheey : Inorganic Chemistry
- 4) F.A. Cottonand G. Wilkinson: Advanced Inorganic Chemistry 3rd, 5thand 6th Editions.
- 5) A. F. Willims: Theoretical Approach in inorganic chemistry.
- 6) A. Mannas Chanda: Atomic Structure and chemical Bonding
- 7) L. E. Orgel: An Introduction To transition metal chemistry, Ligand field theory, 2nd Edition.
- 8) J. J. Logowski: Modern Inorganic Chemistry
- 9) B.Durrant and P.J.Durrant: Advanced Inorganic Chemistry
- 10) J. C. Bailar: Chemistry of coordination compounds.
- 11) W. L. Jolly: Modern Inorganic Chemistry
- 12) R. S. Drago: Physical methods in inorganic chemistry.
- 13) Waddington: Nonaqueous solvents.
- 14) Sisler: Chemistry of nonaqueous solvents.
- 15) A. K. Barnard: Therotical Inorganic Chemistry
- 16) Emeleus and Sharpe: Modern Aspect of Inorganic Chemistry.
- 17) F. A. Cotton: Chemical Applications of Group theory.
- 18) Jones: Elementary Coordination chemistry.
- 19) B. N. Figgis: Introduction to Ligand field.
- 20) S. F. A. Kettle: Coordination chemistry.
- 21) M.C.Day and J.Selbin: Theoretical Inorganic Chemistry.
- 22) J. Lewin and Wilkins: Modern Coordination Chemistry.
- 23) Gowarikar, Vishwanathan and Sheedar: Polymer science.
- 24) H. H. Jattey and M. Orchin: Symmetry in chemistry.
- 25) D. Schonaland: Molecular Symmetry in chemistry.
- 26) L. H. Hall: Group theory and Symmetry in chemistry
- 27) H. H. Jattey and M. Orchin: Symmetry in chemistry
- 28) R.L.Dutta and A.Symal: Elements of magneto chemistry
- 29) Inorganic Chemistry 4th Edition, P.Atkins, Oxford University Press.
- 30) Essential Trends in Inorganic Chemistry, D.M.P.Mingos, Oxford University Press.

# SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-I Semester I MCFS12: Paper II (Organic Chemistry) 60 h (4 h per week): 15 h per unit 80 Marks

# Unit-I:

A] Nature and Bonding in Organic Molecule: Delocalized chemical bonding, conjugation, cross conjugation, resonance, hyper-conjugation, bonding in fullerenes. Aromaticity in benzenoid and non-benzenoid compounds, alternant and non-alternant hydrocarbons Huckel's rule, energy level of  $\pi$ -molecules orbitals, annulenes, antiaromaticity, homo-aromoaticity. Aromatic character and chemistry of cyclopentadienyl anion, tropylium cation, tropone and tropolone. Bonds weaker than covalent-addition compounds, crown ether complexes and cryptands, inclusion compounds,

cyclodextrins, catenanes and rotaxanes

**B] Reactive Intermediates**: Generation, structure, stability and chemical reactions involving carbocations, carbanions, free radical, carbenes, and nitrenes

# Unit-II:

**Streochemistry:** Conformational analysis of cycloalkanes (5-8 membered rings), substituted cyclohexanes, mono substituted, disubstituted and trisubstituted cyclohexanes, decalines, effect of conformation on reactivity, Cahn-Ingold-Prelog System to describe configuration at chiral centers.

Elements of symmetry, chirality, molecules with more than one chiral center, meso compounds, threo and erythro isomers, method of resolution, optical purity, enantiotopic and distereotopic atoms, groups and faces, prochirality, addition-elimination reactions, stereospecific and steroselective synthesis. Asymmetrical synthesis, optical activity in absence of chiral carbon (biphenyl and allenes)

# Unit-III:

**A] Reaction mechanism: Structure and Reactivity:** Types of mechanism, Types of reaction, thermodynamics and kinetics requirements, kinetic and thermodynamic control, Hammond's postulate, Curtin-Hammett principle, Potential energy diagrams, transition states and intermediates, methods of determining mechanisms, isotope effects, Hard and soft acids and bases.

**B]** Aliphatic nucleophilic substitution: The  $SN^1$ ,  $SN^2$ , mixed  $SN^1$ ,  $SN^2$  and SET and SNi mechanisms. Nucleophilicty, effect of leaving group, ambient nucleophiles and ambient substrates regiospecificity, substitution at allylic and vinylic carbon atoms, phase transfer catalysis

C] Concept of neighboring group participation Anchimeric assistance with mechanism, neighboringgroup participation by  $\pi$  and  $\sigma$  bonds, classical and non classical carbocations, Intramolecular displacement by hydrogen, oxygen, nitrogen, sulphur and halogen. Alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl participation, participation in bicyclic system, migartory aptitude, carbocation rearrangements and related rearrangements in neighboring group participation.

# 15h

# Unit IV:

# A] Aromatic Nucleophilic Substitution

A general introduction to different mechanisms of aromatic nucleophilic substitution SNAr,  $SN^1$ , benzyne and  $SRN^1$  mechanisms, arynes as reaction intermediate, Reactivity - effect of substrate structure leaving group and attacking nucleophile. The Von Richter, Sommlet-Hauser and Smiles rearrangements.

# **B]** Aromatic electrophilic substitution

The arenium ion mechanism, orientation and reactivity, energy profile diagrams. The o/p ratio, ipso attack, orientation in benzene ring with more than one substituents, orientation in other ring system. Friedel-Crafts reaction, Vilsmeir-Hack reaction, Gatterman-Koch reaction, Pechman reaction, Reimer-Tieman reaction, Diazonium coupling.

**C] Effect of Structure on reactivity:** Resonance and field effects, Steric effect, quantitative treatment. The Hammett equation and linear free energy relationship, substituent and reaction constants. Taft Equation.

# List of books

1] Advanced Organic Chemistry –Reaction mechanism and structure. Jerry March, John Wiley

2] Advanced Organic Chemistry- F.A. Carey and R. J. Sunberg, Plenum

- 3] A Guidebook to Mechanism in Organic Chemistry-Peter Skyes, Longman
- 4] Structure and Mechanism in Organic Chemistry-C.K. Gold, Cornell University Press
- 5] Organic Chemistry, R.T. Morrison Boyd. Prentice Hall
- 6] Modern Organic Chemistry-H.O. House, Benjamin

7] Principal of Organic Chemistry-R.O.C. Norman and J.M. Coxon, Blackie Academic and Professional

- 8] Reaction Mechanism in Organic Chemistry-S.M. Mukharji and S.P. Singh, Macmilan
- 9] Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds- D. Nasipuri, New Age International
- 10] Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds- P. S. Kalsi, New Age International
- 11] Frontier Orbitals and Organic Chemical Reactions-I. Fleming
- 12] Orbital Symmetry R. E. Lehr and A. P. Marchand
- 13] Reactive Intermediate in Organic Chemistry-N. S. Isaacs
- 14] Stereochemistry of Carbon Compounds- E. L. Eliel
- 15] Physical Organic Chemistry-J. Hine
- 16] Name Reaction in Organic chemistry –Surrey
- 17] Advanced Organic Chemistry L. F. Fieser and M. Fieser.
- 18] Organic Chemistry Vol. I and II I. L. Finar
- 19] Modern Organic Chemistry- J.D. Roberts and M. C. Caserio
- 20] The Search for Organic Reaction Pathways (Longmann), Peter Skyes
- 21] Organic Chemistry 5th Edition (McGraw Hill), S. H. Pine
- 22] Organic Chemistry (Willard Grant Press Botcon), John Mcmurry
- 23] A Textbook of Organic Chemistry- R. K. Bansal New Age International

24] New Trends in Green Chemistry –V. K. Ahluwalia and M. Kidwai, Anamaya publishers New Delhi

25] Organic Chemistry, J. Clayden, N. Greeves, S. Warren and P. Wothers, Oxford University Press26] Organic Chemistry, 4th Edition, G Marc Loudon, Oxford University Press

# SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-I Semester I MCFS13: Paper III (Physical Chemistry) 60 h (4 h per week): 15 h per unit 80 Marks

# UNIT I: CLASSICAL THEMODYNAMICS

**A]** Recapitulation of Laws of thermodynamics, Exact and inexact differentials, condition of exactness, Ptaff differential expression and equations, Applications of Ptaff differential equations to first and s econd law of thermodynamics, Carathéodory's principle and its equivalence to the Kelvin Plank and Clausius statement of the Second law of Thermodynamics, Homogeneous functions of degree 0 and 1, extensive and intensive properties, derivation of thermodynamic equations of state, Maxwell's relations.

**B**] Third law of thermodynamics, Nernst Heat Theorem, unattainability of absolute zero, calculation of entropy based on third law of thermodynamics, residual entropy and its application. Virial equation of state.

# UNIT II: GIBBS FUNCTION AND PHASE EQUILIBRIA

A] Partial molar quantities: Determination of partial molar quantities, chemical potential, partial molar volume, Gibbs Duhem equation, Gibbs Duhem Mergules equation, Extent of advancement of reaction ( $\xi$ ), thermodynamic criteria of chemical equilibrium.

**B**] Gibbs Phase rule and its derivation, calculation of degrees of freedom, reduced phase rule, construction of phase diagram, one component systems (Helium, carbon), 1st and 2nd order phase transition, lambda line, two component systems forming solid solutions having congruent and incongruent melting point, partially miscible solid phase, three component systems, graphical presentation, influence of temperature, systems with 1, 2, 3 pairs of partially miscible liquids, transition points.

# UNIT III: SURFACE PHENOMENA AND MACROMOLECULES

**A**] Recapitulation of Surface tension, Adsorption: Freundlich adsorption isotherm, Langmuir theory, Gibbs adsorption isotherm, BET theory and estimation of surface area, enthalpy and entropy of adsorption. Surface film on liquids and catalytic activity, Electro-kinetic phenomena, Surface active agents, hydrophobic interactions, micellization, Critical Micelle Concentration (CMC), mass action model and phase separation model of micelle formation, shape and structure of micelles, factors affecting CMC, micro-emulsion and reverse micelles.

**B] Macromolecules:** Definitions, Number and mass average molecular weights, molecular mass determination by Osmometry, Viscometry, Sedimentation, Diffusion, light scattering method, Numerical.

# **UNIT IV: CHEMICAL KINETICS**

**A]** Temperature dependence of chemical reaction rates, Arrhenius equation, Energy of activation, preexponential factor and its limitations, Collision theory and its limitations, steric factors, Transition State theory of gas and liquid phase bimolecular reactions, comparison of three theories of reaction rates.

15h

**B**] Bodeinstein steady state approximation and its application in consecutive reactions, Dynamics of unimolecular reactions: Lindeman-Hinshelwood mechanism, RRKM theory, Thermodynamic formulation of transition state theory, Enthalpy, Gibbs free energy and enthalpy of activation.

# List of books

1. R. P. Rastogi and R. R. Mishra, An Introduction to Chemical Thermodynamics, Vikas Publication,Gorakhpur, 2010.

2. P. W. Atkins and D. Paula, Physical Chemistry, 8th Edition, Oxford University Press, 2010.

3. E. N. Yenemin, Fundamentals of Chemical Thermodynamics, MIR, Publications.

4. G. K. Vemulapalli, Physical Chemistry, Prentice – Hall of India, 1997.

5. S. Glasstone and De Van No Strand, Thermodynamics for Chemists, 1965.

6. S. M. Blinder, Advanced Physical Chemistry,

7. D. Mcquarie and J. Simon, Physical Chemistry – A Molecular Approach, University Press, 2000

8. G. M. Barrow, Physical Chemistry, Tata Mc-Graw Hill, V edition 2003.

9. H. K. Moudgil, Text Book of Physical Chemistry, Pretice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2010.

10. G.M.Panchenkov and V.P.Labadev, "Chemical Kinetics and catalysis", MIR Publishing

11. E.A. Moelwyn- Hughes, " Chemical Kinetics and Kinetics of Solutions", Academic

12. K.J.Laidler, Chemical Kinetics, Third Edition (1987), Harper and Row, New York.

13. J.Raja Ram and J.C.Kuriacose, Kinetics and Mechanism of Chemical Transformations MacMilllanIndian Ltd., New Delhi (1993)

14. C. H. Bamford and C. F. H. Tipper, Comprehensive Chemical Kinetics, **Vol 1**., Elsevier Publications, New York, 1969.

15. C. H. Bamford and C. F. H. Tipper, Comprehensive Chemical Kinetics, Vol 2., Elsevier Publications, New York, 1969.

16. S. Glasstone, K. J. Laidler and H. Eyring, The Theory of Rate Processes, Mc-Graw Hill, New York, 1941.

17. A. Findley, The Phase Rule and its Applications, Longmans Green and Co., Mumbai.

18. K. S. Birdi, Surface Chemistry Essentials, CRC Press, New York, 2014.

19. Eric Keightley Rideal, An Introduction to Surface Chemistry, Cambridge University Press, 1926.

20. D. M. Ruthven, Principles of Adsorption and Adsorption Processes, John Wiley & Sons, NewYork, 1984.

21. A. W. Adamson, A. P. Gasi, Physical Chemistry of Surfaces, Wiley, 2007.

22. P. C. Hiemenz and R. Rajagopalan, Principles of Colloid and Surface Chemistry, CRC Taylor and Fransis, 2007.

23. P. D. Hede and S. P. Beier, Inorganic and Applied Chemistry, e-Book, 2007.

24. G. K. Agrawal, Basic Chemical Kinetics, Tata-Mc-Graw Hill, 1990.

25. N. B. Singh, N. S. Gajbhiye, S. S. Das, Comprehensive Physical Chemistry, New Age International, 2014.

26. K. L. Kapoor, Text Book of Physical Chemistry, Vol – I to Vol-VI, 2011.

# SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-I Semester I MCFS14: Paper IV (Analytical Chemistry) 60 h (4 h per week): 15 h per unit 80 Marks

# Unit I: Introduction and statistical analysis

**A]Introduction to analytical chemistry:** Types of analysis-qualitative and quantitative. Classification of analytical methods- classical and instrumental, basis of their classification with examples.

**B]Statistical analysis and validation:** Errors in chemical analysis. Classification of errorssystematicand random, additive and proportional, absolute and relative. Accuracy and precision. Mean, median, average deviation and standard deviation. Significant figures and rules to determine significant figures. Calculations involving significant figures. Confidence limit, correlation coefficient and regression analysis. Comparison of methods: F-test and Ttest. Rejection of data based on Qtest.

Least squares method for deriving calibration graph. Application of Microsoft Excel in statistical analysis (statistical functions and spreadsheets in MS-Excel). Validation of newly developed analytical method. Certified reference materials (CRMs). Numerical problems.

# **Unit II: Separation techniques**

*A]Chromatography:* Definition and Classification. Techniques used in Paper, Thin Layer and Columnchromatography. Applications in qualitative and quantitative analysis.

*B]Ion exchange:* Principle and technique. Types of ion exchangers. Ion exchange equilibria. Ion

exchange capacity. Effect of complexing ions. Zeolites as ion-exchangers. Applications.

*C]Solvent extraction:* Principle and techniques. Distribution ratio and distribution coefficient. Factorsaffecting extraction efficiency: Ion association complexes, chelation, synergistic extraction, pH.Numericals based on multiple extractions. Role of chelating ligands, crown ethers, calixarenes and cryptands in solvent extraction. Introduction to Solid phase extraction (SPE) and Microwaveassisted extraction (MAE), Applications.

# Unit III: Classical methods of analysis

*A]Volumetric analysis*: General principle. Criteria for reactions used in titrations. Primary standardsand secondary standards. Theory of indicators. Types of titrations with examples-Acid-base, precipitation, redox and complexometric. Titration curves for monoprotic and polyprotic acids andbases. Indicators used in various types of titrations. Masking and demasking agents.

**B]Gravimetric analysis:** General principles and conditions of precipitation. Concepts of solubility, solubility product and precipitation equilibria. Steps involved in gravimetric analysis. Purity of precipitate: Co-precipitation and post-precipitation. Fractional

15h

15h

precipitation. Precipitation fromhomogeneous solution. Particle size, crystal growth, colloidal state, aging and peptizationphenomena. Ignition of precipitates.

15h

# Unit IV: Electrochemical methods of analysis-I

**A]Conductometry**: Concepts of electrical resistance, conductance, resistivity and conductivity.

Specific, molar and equivalent conductance and effect of dilution on them. Measurement of conductance. Kohlrausch's law, Applications of conductometry in determination of dissociation

constant, solubility product. Conductometric titrations. High frequency titrations. Numerical problems.

**B]Potentiometry**: Circuit diagram of simple potentiometer. Indicator electrodes: hydrogen electrode, quinhydrone electrode, antimony electrode and glass electrode. Reference electrodes: Calomelelectrode and Ag/AgCl electrode. Theory of potentiometric titrations. Acid-base, redox,

precipitation and complexometric titrations. Nernst equation, standard electrode potential, Determination of cell potential, n, Kf and Ksp. pH titrations. Buffers and buffer capacity. pH of buffermixtures based on Henderson-Hasselbalch equation.

# List of books:

1. Quantitative analysis: Day and Underwood (Prentice-Hall of India)

2. Vogel's Text Book of Quantitative Inorganic Analysis-Bassett, Denney, Jeffery and Mendham (ELBS)

3. Analytical Chemistry: Gary D. Christian (Wiley, India).

4. Instrumental Methods of Analysis: Willard, Merrit, Dean, Settle (CBS Publishers, Delhi, 1986)

5. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis: Braun (Tata McGraw-Hill)

6. Advanced Analytical Chemistry: Meites and Thomas (McGraw-Hill)

7. Instrumental Methods of Analysis: G. Chatwal and S. Anand (Himalaya Publishing House)

8. Analytical Chemistry: Problems and Solution- S. M. Khopkar (New Age International Publication)

9. Basic Concepts in Analytical Chemistry: S. M. Khopkar (New Age International Publication)

10. Advance Analytical Chemistry: Meites and Thomas: (Mc Graw Hill)

11. An Introduction to Separation Science: L. R. Shyder and C. H. Harvath (Wiley Interscience)

12. Fundamentals of Analytical Chemistry: S. A. Skoog and D. W. West

13. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis: G. W. Ewing

# SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-I Semester I MCFS15: Practical-I (Inorganic Chemistry) 12 h /week Marks: 100

# I. Preparation of Inorganic Complexes and their characterization by:

Elemental analysis and physico-chemical methods (Electronic and IR Spectra, magnetic susceptibility measurements, Thermal analysis and Molar conductance studies).

1.  $K_3 [Al (C_2O_4)_3](H_2O)_3 2. [VO (acac)_2]_3. Na [Cr (NH_3)_2(SCN)_4]$ 

4.  $K_3[Cr(SCN)_6]$ . 5.  $[Mn (acac)_3]$  6.  $K_3[Fe(C_2O_4)_3]$ 

7.  $Hg[Co(SCN)_4]$  8.  $[Co(Py)_2Cl_2]$  9.  $[Cu_2(CH_3COO)_4(H_2O)_2]$ 

10. [Ni (DMG)<sub>2</sub>] 11.[Ni(NH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>6</sub>]Cl<sub>2</sub> 12. [Cu(NH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub>(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>2</sub>]SO<sub>4</sub>

# II. Quantitative Analysis:

Separation and determination of two metal ions from the following alloys involving: Volumetric, Gravimetric and Spectrophotometric methods

i) Copper (II) and Nickel (II)

ii) Copper (II) and Zinc (II)

iii) Nickel (II)-Zinc (II) and

iv) Copper (II)—Iron (III)

# **III.** Qualitative analysis of radicals:

Semi-micro Analysis of inorganic mixture containing four cations out of which two will be rare metal

ions such as W,Mo,Se,Ti,Zr,Ce,Th,V and U.(Spot Test for individual cations should be performed)

# SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-I Semester I MCFS16: Practical-II (Physical Chemistry) 12 h /week Marks: 100

It is expected to perform minimum 14 experiments in a semester.

1. To study the variation of volume contraction with mole fraction of alcohol in alcohol - water system

2. To determine the activation parameters of viscous flow for a given liquid.

3. To determine the critical micelle concentration (CMC) of a given surfactant / soap / shampoo bysurface tension measurements.

4. Determination of molecular mass of a polymer by viscometry method.

5. To determine integral heat of KNO3, at two different conc. and calculation of heat of dilution.

6. Effect of 1% NaCl, 1% succinic acid, 0.5% naphthalene on CST in phenol-water systems.

7. Distribution of succinic acid in H2O- benzene, H2O-ether and comparison of distribution coefficient.

8. To construct the phase diagrams of two components system (phenol- urea, diphenyl aminebenzophenone; a-naphtyl amine-phenol) forming compounds with congruent melting points.

9. To study the mutual solubility of glycerol-m-toluidine and to determine congruent points.

10. To study kinetics of hydrolysis of an ester by NaOH reaction.

11. To determine equilibrium constant of the equation  $KI+I_2=KI_3$  by distribution method.

12. To study the kinetics of the reaction between potassium persulphate and potassium iodide.

13. Determination of order of reaction of oxidation of ethyl alcohol by acid dichromate.

14. To titrate conductometrically monobasic and dibasic acids with NaOH and determine the strength of given acid.

15. To determine equivalent conductance of weak electrolyte at infinite dilution by kaulrausch's method.

16. Determination of heat of reaction, entropy change and equilibrium constant of the reaction between metallic zinc and  $Cu^{+2}$  ions in solution.

17. Determination of thermodynamic constants  $\Delta G$ ,  $\Delta H$ ,  $\Delta S$  for  $Zn^{+2}+H_2SO_4^- \longrightarrow ZnSO_4+$ 2H<sup>+</sup> by emf measurement.

18. Titration of Ferrous Ammonium Sulphate against ceric sulphate and hence the formal redox potential of  $Fe^{2+} Fe^{3+}$  and  $Ce^{3+} Ce^{4+}$  systems.

19. To determine the pH of a buffer solutions using a quinhydrone electrode

20. Complexometric titrations (EDTA based)

# List of Books

- 1. Vogel A, IIIrd Edition : A Textbook Of Quantitative Inorganic Analysis, Longman
- 2. J. B. Yadav, Practical Physical Chemistry
- 3. Das and Behra, Practical Physical Chemistry

4. Carl W. Garland, Joseph W. Nibler and David P. Shoemaker, Experiments in Physical Chemistry, Mc-Graw Hill, 8th Edition, 2009.

5. Farrington Daniels, Joseph Howard Mathews, John Warren Williams, Paul Bender, Robert

A. Alberty, Experimental Physical Chemistry, Mc-Graw Hill, Fifth Edition, 1956.

6. John W. Shriver and Michael George, Experimental Physical Chemistry, Lab Manual and Data Analysis, The University of Alabama in Huntsville, Fall 2006

7. Day And Underwood : Quantitative Analysis

- 8. Merits And Thomas: Advanced Analytical Chemistry
- 9. Ewing, G. W. : Instrumental Methods Of Chemical Analysis, Mcgraw-Hill
- 10. Drago, R.S:Physical Methoods In Inorganic Chemistry
- 11. Christain G.D:Analytical Chemistry
- 12. Khopkar S.M.:Basic Concept of Analytical Chemistry
- 13. Koltath And Ligane:Polorography
- 14. Braun:Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis
- 15. Willard, Merritt And Dean: Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis ,Van Nostrand
- 16. Strouts, Crifi; Llan And Wisin: Analytiacl Chemistry
- 17. Skoog S.A. And West D. W.:Fundamental Of Analytical Chemistry
- 18. Dilts R.V.: Analytiacl Chemistry
- 19. Jahgirdar D.V : Experiments In Chemistry
- 20. Chondhekar T.K: Systematic Experiments In Physical Chemistry, Rajbog S.W., Aniali Pubn.
- 21. Wlehov G. J: Standard Methods Of Chemicalanalysis 6th Ed
- 22. Akjmetov, N :General And Inorganic Chemistry

# SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-I Semester I MCFS17: Seminar-I 2 h /week Marks: 25

Seminar of 30 minutes duration will be a part of internal assessment for 25 marks (1 credit). Seminar should be delivered by the student under the guidance of concerned teacher on the topic allotted by the teacher. The topic will be related to the syllabus. Marks will be allotted by a group of teachers.

# SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-I Semester II MCFS21: Paper -I (Inorganic Chemistry)

60 h (4 h per week): 15 h per unit 80 Marks

# Unit – I

# A) Electronic spectra of Transition Metal complexes

Determining the Energy terms, Spin-orbit (L-S) coupling scheme, Hund's rule, Hole Formulation, Derivation of the term symbol for a d2 configuration, Electronic spectra of transition metal complexes – Laporte 'orbital' selection rule, spin selection rule. Orgel diagrams for octahedral metalcomplexes. Charge transfer spectra, Racah parameters, calculations of 10 Dq, B,  $\beta$  parameters. Tanabe- Sugano Diagrams of octahedral complexes with d2 & d8 configuration.

# B) Magnetic Properties of Transition Metal complexes 5h

Abnormal magnetic properties, orbital contributions and quenching of orbital angular momentum, spin-orbit coupling. Magnetic moment, electronic spectra and structure of tetrahalocobalt(II)complexes, tetrahedral and octahedral Ni(II) complexes. High spin-low spins crossover.

# Unit – II

**Reaction mechanism of Transition Metal Complexres-II:** Substitution reaction in square planercomplexes: the trans effect, cis effect, steric effect, solvent effect, effect of leaving group, effect ofcharge, effect of nucleophile, effect of temperature. Trans effect theories, uses of trans-effect, mechanism of substitution reactions in Pt(II) complexes.Electron transfer reactions. Types ofelectron transfer reactions, conditions of electron transfer, and mechanism of one-electron transferreactions, outer sphere and inner sphere mechanisms, two electron transfer reactions. Tunneling effect, cross-reaction, Marcus-Hushtheory, bridged activated mechanism.

# Unit-III:

# Metal pi-Complexes - I

**Metal carbonyls:** Structure and bonding, vibrational spectra of metal carbonyls for bonding Andstructure elucidation, important reaction of metal carbonyls.Metal carbonyl clusters with referenceto classification, EAN rule, synthesis and structures.

# Unit – IV:

# Metal pi-Complexes – II

**Metal nitrosyls:** Nitrosylating agents for synthesis of metal nitrosyls, vibrational spectra and X-raydiffraction studies of transition metal nitrosyls for bonding and structure elucidation, important of transition metal nitrosyls, structure and bonding. Dinitrogen and dioxygen complexes.Wilkinson's catalyst and Vaska's compound.

10h

# 15h

# List of Books

- 1. J.E.Huheey : Inorganic Chemistry
- 2. F.A.Cotton and G. Wilkinson: Advanced Inorganic Chemistry 3rd, 5th and 6th Editions.
- 3. A.F. Willims: Theoretical Approach in inorganic chemistry.
- 4. Mannas Chanda: Atomic Structure and chemical Bonding

5. L. E. Orgel: An Introduction To transition metal chemistry, Ligand field theory, 2nd Edition.

- 6. J. J. Logowski: Modern Inorganic Chemistry
- 7. B.Durrant and P.J.Durrant: Advanced Inorganic Chemistry
- 8. J C. Bailar: Chemistry of coordination compounds.
- 9. W. L. Jolly: Modern Inorganic ChemistryJones: Elementry Coordination chemistry.
- 10. B. N. Figgis: Introduction to Ligand field.
- 11. M.C.Day and J.Selbin: Therotical Inorganic Chemistry.
- 12. J. Lewin and Wilkins: Modern Co-ordination chemistry.
- 13. Purcell and Kotz: Inorganic Chemistry.
- 14. D. Banerjea: Co-ordination chemistry, Tata Mc. Graw. Pub.
- 15. A.F. Wells: Structural inorganic chemistry, 5th Edition, Oxford.
- 16. S. G. Davies: Organotransition metal chemistry applications to organic synthesis.
- 17. R. C. Mehrotra: Organometallic chemistry Tata McGraw Hill. Pub.
- 18. G. S. Manku: Thereotical priciples of inorganic chemistry
- 19. A. B. P. Lever: Inorganic electronic spectroscopy.

20. R.C.Maurya:Synthesis and charecterisation of novel nitrosyls compounds, Pioneer Pub. Jabalpur

2000.

21. R.H.Crabtree: The Organometalic chemistry of Transition metals, John Wiley.

22. D.N.Styanaryan:Electronic Absorption Spectroscopy and related techniques, University Press.

23. R. S. Drago: Physical methods in inorganic chemistry

24. F.Basolo and G.Pearson: Inorganic Reaction Mechanism

25. Organometallics II and I complexes with transition metal- carbon bonds: Manfred Bochmann- Oxford Press.

26. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry Vol I and II – Satyaprakash, Tuli, Bassu and Madan- S Chand.

27.M.Tsusui,M.Nlevy,M.Ichikwa and K.Mori:Introduction to metal pi-complexe chemistry,Plenum press,NY

28. A.E.Martel;Coordination Chemistry-VollandII,VNR.

# **SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY** M.Sc.-I Semester II MCFS22: Paper II (Organic Chemistry) 60 h (4 h per week): 15 h per unit 80 Marks

# Unit-I

A] Addition to carbon-carbon multiple bond: Mechanistic and stereochemical aspects of additionreaction involving electrophiles, nucleophiles and free radicals, regio and chemoselectivity, Orientation and stereochemistry, Addition to cyclopropanes, Hydrogenation of double bond andtriple bonds. Hydrogenation of aromatic rings, hydroboration, Michael reaction, Robinsonannulation

B] Addition to carbon-hetero atom multiple bond: Mechanism of metal hydride reduction ofsaturated and unsaturated carbonyl compounds, acids, esters, and nitriles, Addition of Grignardreagents, organozinc and organolithium reagents to carbonyls and unsaturated carbonylcompounds, Wittig reaction, Mechanisms of condensation reactions involving enolates- Aldol, Knoevengel, Claisen, Mannich, Benzoin, Perkin, Stobbe reaction, Hydrolysis of esters and amide.

# **Unit-II**

A] Mechanism of molecular rearrangement: Classification and General mechanistic treatment of electrophilic, nucleophilic and free radical moleculer rearrangement. Mechanism of the followingrearrangement -Wagner-Meerwin, Pinacol-Pinacolone, Tiffenev -Demjnov ring expansion, benzilbenzilicacid, Favorski, Wolff, Arndt-Eistert synthesis, Curtius Lossen, Beckman, Hoffman, Schmidtrearrangement.

B] Elimination reactions: The E1, E2 and E1CB mechanisms and orientation of the double bond, Saytzeff and Hoffman's rule, Effect of substrate structure, attacking base, leaving group and medium, Mechanism and orientation in pyrolytic elimination

# **UNIT-III**

Free radical reactions: Generation of free radicals, Type of free radical reactions, free radical substitution mechanism at an aromatic substrate, aliphatic substrate, reactivity at a bridgehead position. Neighbouring group assistance, reactivity for aliphatic and aromatic substrates, reactivityin attacking radicals, effect of solvent on reactivity. Halogenation at an alkyl carbon, allylic carbon(NBS), hydroxylation at an aromatic carbon by means of Fenton's reagent. Auto-oxidation, chlorosulphonation (Reed Reaction) Coupling of alkynes and arylation of aromatic compounds bydiazonium salts, Sandmeyer reaction, Free radical rearrangement, Hunsdiecker reaction, iododecarboxylation, Barton reaction, Hoffmann-Loefler-Freytag reaction

# **Unit IV: Green chemistry**

Green chemistry: Basic principles of green chemistry, calculation of atom economy of rearrangements, addition, substitution and elimination reaction with suitable examples, Case studyof Bhopal gas tragedy and Seveso disaster, Synthesis involving basic principles of green chemistryparacetamol, Ibuprofen, hydroquinone, adipic acid, ɛ-caprolactum, styrene,

15 h

15 h

15h

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urethanes, Free radicalbromination, Multi-component reactions (Biginelli, Ugi and Passerini reaction), Prevention orminimization of hazardous products, choice of solvents. Sonochemistry, microvave inducedreactions, polymer supported reagents, reactions in aqueous medium, zeolites and ionic liquidsupported reaction, Solvent free reactions, electrochemical reactions, Biocatalysts in Organic synthesis.

# List of books

1] Books as Suggested in Semester I for Organic Chemistry

2] A Textbook of organic chemistry- R.K. Bansal

3] New trends in green chemistry –V.K. Ahluwalia and M. Kidwai, Anamaya publishers New Delhi

4] Heterocyclic Chemistry, John Joule, Oxford University Press

5] Books as Suggested in Semester I for Organic Chemistry

6] A Textbook of organic chemistry- R.K. Bansal

7] New trends in green chemistry –V.K. Ahluwalia and M. Kidwai, Anamaya publishers New Delhi

8] Heterocyclic Chemistry, John Joule, Oxford University Press

# SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-I Semester II MCFS23: Paper III (Physical Chemistry) 60 h (4 h per week): 15 h per unit 80 Marks

# UNIT I: FORMULATION OF QUANTUM MECHANICS

**A**] Introduction of Quantum Mechanics, Wave Function, Acceptability of Wave Functions, Normalizedand Orthogonal Wave Functions, Operators, Operator Algebra, Eigen Functions and Eigen Values of Quantum Mechanical Properties (e.g. Linear, Angular momentum, etc.), Hermitian Operators, Orbital and generalized Angular Momentum, Postulates of Quantum Mechanics, Problems on Operator algebra, Eigen Values and Average Values of quantities.

**B**] Application of Schrödinger Wave Equation to Simple Systems: Degeneracy in 3-Dimensional Box,Rigid Rotor, Potential Well of Finite Depth (Tunneling Effect), Simple Harmonic Oscillator, TheHydrogen Atom.

# **UNIT II: THERMODYNAMICS**

**A]** Ideal and Non-ideal Systems: Concept of fugacity, determination of fugacity, excess functions fornon ideal solutions, Entropy of mixing, Enthalpy of mixing, Activity and activity coefficients, Conceptof ion atmosphere and electrophoretic effect, Debye Hückel theory for activity coefficients ofelectrolytic solutions, determination of activity and activity coefficients, ionic strength anddependence of activity coefficients on ionic strength, numericals.

**B**] Nonequilibrium Thermodynamics: Conservation of mass and energy in time dependent closed andopen systems, Thermodynamic criteria of irreversibility, rate of entropy production and entropyexchange in irreversible processes. The generation of the concept of Chemical Affinity and theextent of advancement of chemical reactions, Thermodynamic constraints on the signs of chemicalaffinity and the velocity of chemical reaction, application to any one coupled reaction.

# UNIT III: SOLID STATE CHEMISTRY

**A]** Introduction to crystals, Unit Cell and lattice parameters, Symmetry elements in crystals, Absence offivefold axis, Space groups, The Bravais Lattices, Miller Indices, Bragg's Equation, seven crystalsystem, Packing in crystals, Hexagonal Closest Packing (HCP) Cubic Closest Packing (CCP), Voids, packing fraction, Numericals.

**B**] Crystal Defects and Non-stiochiometry: Perfect and imperfect crystals, point defects, line and planedefects. Thermodynamics of Schottky and Frenkel defect formation, colour centers, nonstiochiometry

and defects.

# UNIT IV: STATISTICAL THERMODYNAMICS AND NUCLEAR CHEMISTRY 15h

**A**] Statistical thermodynamics: Lagrange's Method of Undetermined Multipliers (Conditional Maximization), Stirling Approximation, Concept of Distribution, Thermodynamic Probability andmost probable distribution, Maxwell Boltzmann, Bose Einestein, Fermi Dirac statistics, comparisonbetween three statistics.

15h

15h

**B**] Nuclear Chemistry: Introduction, radioactive decay and equilibrium, thermonuclear reactions, photonuclear reactions, Radiometric titration, isotopic dilution analysis, NAA. Counters:Proportional counter, GM counter, Scintillation counter, Ionization chamber counter.

# List of books

1. Ira .N. Levine, Quantum Chemistry, 5th edition(2000), Pearson educ., Inc.New Delhi

2. A.K.Chandra, Introductory Quantum Chemistry, 4th edition (1994), Tata Mcgraw Hill, New Delhi.

3. M.W.Hanna, "Quantum Mechanics in Chemistry", Benjamin

4. L. Pualing and E. B. Wilson, Introduction to Quantum Mechanics with Applications to Chemistry, McGraw Hill, New York (1935).

5. R. K. Prasad, Quantum Chemistry, New Age International, Delhi.

6. R. K. Prasad, Quantum Chemistry through problems and solutions, New Age International, New Delhi, 2009.

7. B. C. Reed, Quantum Mechanics, Jones and Bartlett, New Delhi, 2010.

8. R. P. Rastogi and R. R. Mishra, An Introduction to Chemical Thermodynamics, Vikas Publication, Gorakhpur, 2010.

9. P. W. Atkins'and D. Paula, Physical Chemistry, 8th Edition, Oxford University Press, 2010.

10. G. K. Vemulapalli, Physical Chemistry, Prentice – Hall of India, 1997.

11. S. Glasstone, An Introduction to Electrochemistry, East-West Press Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2004.

12. H. K. Moudgil, Text Book of Physical Chemistry, Pretice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2010.

13. S. O. Pillai, Solid State Physics, New Age International, New Delhi, 2102.

14. N. B. Hanny, Treaties in Solid State Chemistry,

15. M. C. Day and J Selbin, Theoretical Inorganic Chemistry, Reinhold Pub. Corp., New York,

16. I Prigogine and R. Defay, Chemical Thermodynamics, Longmans, London, 1954.

17. S. R. DeGroot and P. Mazoor, Non-Equilibrium Thermodynamics, North-Holland Co., Amsterdam, 1969.

18. G. Lebon, D. Jou and Casa Vazquez, Understanding Non-equilibrium Thermodynamics, Springer, 2008.

19. I.Prigoggine, "An Introduction to Thermodynamics of Irreversible Processes," Wiley-Interscience.

20. R. P. Rastogi, Introduction to Non-equilibrium Physical Chemistry, Elsevier, Amsterdam, 2008.

21. G. A. Somorjai, Introduction to Surface Chemistry and Catalysis, Wiley, 2010.

22. M. C. Gupta, Statistical Thermodynamics, New Age International.

23. K. Huang, Statistical Mechanics, Wiley, New Delhi, 2003.

24. Andrew Maczek, *Statistical Thermodynamics*, Oxford University Press Inc., New York (1998).

25. C.N.Rao. Nuclear Chemistry

26. B. G. Harvey, Introduction to Nuclear Physics and Chemistry, Prentice Hall, Inc. (1969).

27. H.J. Arnikar, *Essentials of Nuclear Chemistry*, 4th Edition (1995), Wiely-Eastern Ltd., New Delhi.

28. C.Kittel, "Introduction to solid state Physics", Wiley

29. L.V.Azaroff, "Introduction to solids", McGraw Hill

30. L. E. Smart and E. A. Moore, Solid State Chemistry-An Introduction, CRC Tylor and Fransis, 2005.

31. D. D. Sood, A. V. R. Reddy, Fundamentals of Radiochemistry, Indian Association of Nuclear Chemistsand Allied Scientists, 2007.

32. C. N. R. Rao and Gopalakrishnan, "New Directions in Solid State Chemistry" Second Edition, Cambridge University Press.

33. Anthony R. West, "Solid State Chemistry and its Applications" Wiley India Edition.

34. C. Kalidas and M. V. Sangaranarayana, Non-Equilibrium Thermodynamics.

35. D. K. Chakravorty, Solid State, New Age International.

# SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-I Semester II MCFS24: Paper IV (Analytical Chemistry) 60 h (4 h per week): 15 h per unit 80 Marks

# **Unit-I: Sampling and quantification**

*A]* Sampling and sample treatment: Criteria for representative sample. Techniques of sampling ofgases (ambient air and exhaust gases), liquids (water and milk samples), solids (soil and coalsamples) and particulates. Hazards in sampling. Safety aspects in handling hazardous chemicals.Sample dissolution methods for elemental analysis: Dry and wet ashing, acid digestion, fusionprocesses and dissolution of organic samples.

**B]** Detection and quantification: Concepts and difference between sensitivity, limit of detection and imit of quantification, role of noise in determination of detection limit of analytical techniques. Units in chemical analysis and their interconversion.

C] Stoichiometry: Stoichiometric and sub-stoichiometric reactions and calculations.

# **Unit-II: Modern separation techniques**

*A] Gas Chromatography*: Principle including concept of theoretical plates and van-Deemter equation.Instrumental set up- carrier gas, sampling system, column and detector. Types of columns, theiradvantages and limitations. Detectors in GC analysis. Temperature programmed GC. Factorsaffecting retention, peak resolution and peak broadening.

**B]** Liquid chromatography: Principle, Instrumentation, Advantages and applications of HPLC. Typesof columns and detectors. Principle and applications of size exclusion, gel permeation, ion retardation, normal phase and reverse phase chromatography.

C] Supercritical fluid chromatography: Introduction and applications.

# Unit III: Optical methods of analysis-I

A] Spectrophotometry and Colorimetry: Principle of colorimetry. Beer's law, its verification and deviations. Instrumentation in colorimetry and spectrophotometry (single and double beam). Sensitivity and analytical significance of molar extinction coefficient and  $\lambda$ max. Comparison method, calibration curve method and standard addition method for quantitative estimation. Role of organic ligands in spectrophotometric analysis of metal ions. Ringbom plot and Sandell's sensitivity. Photometric titrations. Determination of pK value of indicator. Simultaneous determination. Composition and stability constant of complex by Job's and mole ratio methods. Derivatives pectrophotometry. Numerical problems.

**B] Flame photometry:** Principle. Instrumentation and types of burners. Factors affecting flamephotometric determination. Limitations of flame photometry. Interferences in flame photometry. Applications.

# Unit-IV:Electrochemical methods of analysis-II

*A] Polarography*: Principle of DC polarography. Instrumentation in polarography. Advantages and limitations of DME. Types of currents- residual current, migration current, diffusion current,

# 15h

15h

# 15h

limiting current, adsorption current, kinetic current and catalytic current. Ilkovic equationdiffusioncurrent constant and capillary characteristics. Derivation of equation of polarographic wave andhalf wave potential. Experimental determination of half wave potential. Reversible, quasi reversibleand irreversible electrode reactions. Polarographic maxima and maximum suppressor. Oxygeninterference and deaeration. Introduction to pulse, a.c. and oscillographic techniques and theiradvantages. Applications of polarography in determination of dissolved oxygen, metal ionquantification and speciation, simultaneous determination of metal ions, analysis of organiccompounds. Limitations of polarography.

**B] Amperometric titrations:** Principle, types and applications in analytical chemistry.

# List of books:

1. Quantitative analysis: Day and Underwood (Prentice-Hall of India)

2. Vogel's Text Book of Quantitative Inorganic Analysis-Bassett, Denney, Jeffery and Mendham (ELBS)

- 3. Analytical Chemistry: Gary D. Christian (Wiley India).
- 4. Instrumental Methods of Analysis: Willard, Merrit, Dean, Settle (CBS Publishers, Delhi, 1986)
- 5. Sample Pre-treatment and Separation: R. Anderson (John Wiley and Sons)
- 6. Stoichiometry: B.I.Bhatt and S.M. Vora, 2nd Edition (Tata Mc-Graw Hill publication)
- 7. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis: Braun (Tata McGraw-Hill)
- 8. Advanced Analytical Chemistry: Meites and Thomas (McGraw-Hill)
- 9. Instrumental Methods of Analysis: G. Chatwal and S. Anand (Himalaya Publishing House)

10. Analytical Chemistry: Problems and Solution- S. M. Khopkar (New Age International Publication)

11. Basic Concepts in Analytical Chemistry: S. M. Khopkar (New Age International Publication)

12. Advance Analytical Chemistry: Meites and Thomas: (Mc Graw Hill)

13. An Introduction to Separation Science: L. R. Shyder and C. H. Harvath (Wiley Interscience)

- 14. Fundamental of Analytical Chemistry: S. A. Skoog and D. W. West
- 15. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis: G. W. Ewing
- 16. Polarography: Koltoff and Ligane
- 17. Electroanalytical Chemistry: Sane and Joshi (Quest Publications)

# SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-I Semester II MCFS25: Practical-I (Organic Chemistry) 12 h /week Marks: 100

**[A] Qualitative Analysis:** Separation, purification and identification of the mixture of two organiccompounds (binary mixture with two solid, one solid one liquid and two liquids) using chemicalmethods or physical techniques.

Minimum 8-10 mixtures to be analyzed.

Purification of the compounds by crystallization, TLC and chromatographic techniques.

**[B] Organic preparations:** Student is expected to carry out minimum of 5-6 two stage organic preparation and 5-6 single stage preparation from the following lists.

[1] Oxidation: Adipic acid by chromic acid oxidation of cyclohexanol.

[2] Benzophenone  $\rightarrow$  benzhydrol

[3] Aldol condensation: Dibenzal acetone from benzaldehyde.

[4] Sandmeyer reaction: p- chlorotoluene from p-toluidine

[5] Cannizzaro reaction

[6] Friedel Crafts Reaction: β-Benzoyl propionic acid from succinic anhydride and benzene.

[7] Benzil  $\rightarrow$  2,4,5-triphenyl imidizole

[8] Sucrose  $\rightarrow$  Oxalic acid

[9] Methyl acetoacetate  $\rightarrow$  5-methyl-isoxazol-3-ol

[10] Ethyl acetoacetate  $\rightarrow$  4-aryl-6-methyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1*H*)-pyrimidinone ester

[11] Ethyl acetoacetate  $\rightarrow$  Diethyl 1,4-dihydro-2,6-dimethyl-4-phenylpyridine-3,-5dicarboxylate

[12] Dye prepartion : Sulphanilic acid  $\rightarrow$  Methyl orange

[13] Dye prepartion : p-nitroaniline  $\rightarrow$  p-red

[14] Acetanilide  $\rightarrow p$ -nitroacetanilide  $\rightarrow p$ -nitroaniline

[15] Aniline  $\rightarrow$  2,4,6-tribromo aniline  $\rightarrow$  2,4,6-tribromoacetanilide

[16] Nitrobenzene  $\rightarrow m$ -dinitrobenzene  $\rightarrow m$ -nitroaniline

[17] Toluene  $\rightarrow$  p-nitrotoluene  $\rightarrow$  p-nitrobenzoic acid

[18] Glycine  $\rightarrow$  Benzoyl glycine  $\rightarrow$  4-benzilidene-2-phenyl oxazole

# SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-I Semester II MCFS26: Practical-II (Analytical Chemistry) 12 h /week Marks: 100

# Section (A): Classical methods and separation techniques: Calibration, validation and computers

- 1. Calibration of pipette and burette.
- 2. Statistical analysis of data.
- 3. Use of MS-Excel in statistical analysis of data and curve fitting.

# Volumetry

- 1. Determination of Na2CO3 in washing soda.
- 2. Determination of NaOH and Na2CO3 in a mixture.
- 3. Estimation of nickel in given solution by direct complexometric titration with EDTA using bromopyrogallol red.
- 4. Estimation of nickel in given solution by complexometric back-titration with EDTA.
- 5. Estimation of chloride in given solution by Mohr's titration.
- 6. Estimation of chloride in given solution by Volhard's titration.
- 7. Determination of volume strength of commercial hydrogen peroxide by redox titration with KMnO4.
- 8. Estimation of phenol/ aniline by bromination method.
- 9. Estimation of glucose.
- 10. Estimation of acetone.
- 11. Estimation of formaldehyde.

12. Estimation of Mn in the presence of Fe using masking phenomenon (ferromanganese alloy).

# Gravimetry

1. Estimation of barium as barium sulphate.

2. Estimation of calcium as calcium oxalate/ calcium carbonate/ calcium oxide.

# Separation techniques

- 1. Qualitative separation of metal ions by paper chromatography for 2/3 components.
- 2. Determination of ion-exchange capacity of resin.
- 3. Separation of ions by ion exchange.

# Section (B): INSTRUMENTAL TECHNIQUES:

# **Electroanalytical techniques**

1. Analysis of commercial vinegar by conductometric titration.

- 2. Estimation of phenol by conductometric titration with NaOH.
- 3. Determination of strength of HCl and CH3COOH in a mixture conductometrically.
- 4. Determination of strength of HCl and oxalic acid in a mixture conductometrically.
- 5. Determination of strength of oxalic acid and CH3COOH in a mixture conductometrically.

6. Determination of degree of dissociation and dissociation constant of acetic acid conductometrically.

7. Estimation of phenol in dilute solution by conductometric titration with NaOH.

8. Determination of strength of HCl and CH<sub>3</sub>COOH individually and in a mixture potentiometrically.

9. Determination of Fe(II) by potentiometric titration with  $K_2Cr_2O_7$ .

10. Determination of three dissociation constants of  $H_3PO_4$  by pH-metric/ potentiometric titration.

# **Optical methods**

1. Determination of pK of indicator by colorimetry.

2. To estimate the amount of NH<sub>4</sub>Cl colorimetrically using Nesseler's Reagent.

3. To study the complex formation between Fe(III) and salicylic acid and find the formula and stability

constant of the complex colorimetrically (Job's method).

4. To determine the dissociation constant of phenolphthalein colorimetrically.

5. Estimation of iron in wastewater sample using 1,10-phenanthroline.

Note: One experiment from each section should be performed in the examination.

# SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-I Semester II MCFS27: Seminar-II

2 h /week Marks: 25

Seminar of 30 minutes duration will be a part of internal assessment for 25 marks. Seminar should be delivered by the student under the guidance of concerned teacher on the topic allotted by the teacher. The topic will be related to the syllabus. Marks will be allotted by a group of teachers.

# **SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY** M.Sc.-II Semester III **INORGANIC CHEMISTRY SPECILIZATION** MCSS31-I: Paper I (Special I-Inorganic Chemistry)

60 h (4 h per week): 15 h per unit 80 Marks

# Unit -I

A) Essential and trace metals in biological systems: Biological functions of inorganic elements, biological ligands for metal ions. Coordination by proteins, Tetrapyrrole ligands and othermacrocycle. Influence of excess and difficiency of V, Cr, Mn, Fe, Co, Cu,& Zn. Genetic defects in theabsorption of trace elements. Regulation and storage of trace elements. Role of minerals. Toxiceffects of metals.

B) Metal storage, transport and biomineralization with respect to Ferritin, Transferrin and Siderophores, Na+/K+ pump. Role of Ca in transport and regulation in living cells.

C) Medicinal use of metal complexes as antibacterial, anticancer, use of cis-platin as antitumor drug, antibiotics & related compounds. Metal used for dignosis and chemotherapy with particularreference to anti cancer drugs.

# **Unit-II**

A) Bio-energetics and ATP cycle: DNA polymerization, metal complexes in transmission of energy, chlorophylls, photosystem I and photosystem II in cleavage of water, Model systems.

B) Electron transfer in Biology: Structure and functions of metalloproteins in electron transferproteins, cytochromes & Fe-S proteins, Non-heme iron proteins; Rubredoxins, Synthetic models.Biological Nitrogen fixation (in vitro and in vivo)

# **Unit-III**

Transport & Storage of Dioxygen: Heme proteins & oxygen uptake, structure and functions ofhaemoglobin, myoglobin, hemocyanins & hemerythrin. Perutz mechanism showing structural changes in porphyrin ring system. Oxygenation and deoxygenation. Model compounds. Cyanide poisoning and treatment. Vanadium storage and transport.

# **Unit-IV**

Metallo enzymes: Apoenzymes, Haloenzyme & Coenzyme. The principle involved and role of various metals ini) Zn-enzyme:- Carboxyl peptidase & Carbonic anhydrase. ii) Fe-enzyme: CatalasePeroxidase & Cytochrome P-450 iii) Cu-enzyme:-Super Oxide dismutase iv) Molybdenum:-Oxatransferase enzymes, Xanthine oxidase, Co-enzyme Vit.B12, Structure of vitamin B12 Co-C bondcleavage, Mutase activity of co- Enzyme B-12, Alkylation reactions of Methyl Cobalamin. Syntheticmodel of enzyme action, stability and ageing of enzyme.

15h

15h

# 15h

# List of Books:

- 1. Akhmetov, N.: General and Inorganic Chemistry.
- 2. Aylett, B. and Smith, B.: Problems in Inorganic Chemistry, (English University Press)
- 3. Bertini, et al: Bioinorganic Chemistry (Viva)
- 4. Charlot, G and Bezier, D.: Quantitative Inorganic Analysis (johnWiley).

5. Douglas, B. E. McDanirl, D. H. et al: Concept and Models of Inorganic Chemistry (4th edt.) J. Wiley

- 6. Dutt P. K.: General and Inorganic Chemistry.(Sarat Books House)
- 7. Fenton, David E.: Biocoordination chemistry, Oxford
- 8. Jolly, W. L. : Inorganic Chemistry (4th edn.) Addison-Wesley.
- 9. Katakis, D. and Gordon, G.: Mechanism of Inorganic Reactions.(J.Wiley).

# SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-II Semester III INORGANIC CHEMISTRY SPECILIZATION MCSS32-I: Paper II (Special II-Inorganic Chemistry)

60 h (4 h per week): 15 h per unit 80 Marks

# Unit-I

# **Crystal Structure of Some Simple Compounds:**

i) Ionic Crystals & Their structures, radius ratio rule, effect of polarization on crystals.

ii) Covalent structure type- Sphalerite & Wurtzite.

iii) Geometry of simple crystal AB type: NaCl, CsCl & NiAs, reasons for preference for a particular structure in above AB type of compounds.

iv) AB<sub>2</sub> type: Fluorite, antifluorites, Rutile structures. Li<sub>2</sub>O, Na<sub>2</sub>O,,CdCl<sub>2</sub>, CdI<sub>2</sub> structures.

v) Ternary Compounds ABO<sub>3</sub> type: Perovskite, Barium titanate, lead titanate, CaTiO3, Tolerance factor, charge neutrality & deviation structures. FeTiO<sub>3</sub>.

# Unit-II

A)  $AB_2O_4$  type- compounds: Normal & inverse, 2-3 and 4-2 spinel , packing of oxygen in tetrahedral & octahedral sites, sites occupancy number of site surrounding each oxygen, application of chargeneutrality principles, site preferences in spinel, distorted spinel. Hausmannite(Jahn-Tellerdistortions), Factors causing distortion in spinel.

**B)** Lattice Defects: Per fect &Imperfect crystals, point defects, Interstitial, Schottky defect, Frenkeldefect, line defect & other entities, thermodynamics of Schottky & Frankel defects. Dissociation, theory of dislocation, plane defects- Lineage boundary, grain boundary, stacking fault, 3D defects,Defects & their concentrations, ionic conductivity in solids, Non stoichiometric compounds.Electronic properties of Non-stoichiometric oxides.

# Unit-III

**Glasses, Ceramics and composite**: Glasses, Ceramics Composites and Nano-materials: Glassy state, glass formers and Glass Modifiers. Glasses, Ceramics, Clay products, Refractories with reference to:preparation, Properties and applications. Microscopic composites, dispersion, strengtheried and particle reinforced, fibre reinforced Composites, microscopic composites, nanocrystaline phase, preparation procedure, special properties and applications.

# Unit-IV

**Liquid Crystals:** Mesomorphic behaviour, thermotropic liquid crystals, positional order, bond orientational order, nematics & smectic mesophases; smectic-Nematic transition clearing temperature-homeotrpic, planer & schlieren textures twisted nematics, chiral nematics, molecular arrngement in smectic A & smectic C phases, optical properties of liquid crystals. Dielectric susceptibility & dielectric constants. Lyotropic phases & their description of ordering in liquid crystals.

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# 15 h

# 15h

15h

# List of Books:

- 1. Akhmetov, N.: General and Inorganic Chemistry.
- 2. Aylett, B. and Smith, B.: Problems in Inorganic Chemistry, (English University Press)
- 3. Bertini, et al: Bioinorganic Chemistry (Viva)
- 4. Charlot, G and Bezier, D.: Quantitative Inorganic Analysis (johnWiley).

5. Douglas, B. E. McDanirl, D. H. et al: Concept and Models of Inorganic Chemistry (4th edt.) J. Wiley

- 6. Dutt P. K.: General and Inorganic Chemistry.(Sarat Books House)
- 7. Fenton, David E.: Biocoordination chemistry, Oxford
- 8. Jolly, W. L. : Inorganic Chemistry (4th edn.) Addison-Wesley.
- 9. Katakis, D. and Gordon, G.: Mechanism of Inorganic Reactions.(J.Wiley).

10. Peter J. Collings, Liquid Crystals-Nature's delicate Phase of Matter, New Age International.

11. S. Chandrasekhar, Liquid Crystals, Cambidge University Press.

# SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-II Semester III INORGANIC CHEMISTRY SPECILIZATION MCSS35-I: Practical-I (Inorganic Chemistry Special) 12 h /week Marks: 100

# A INSTRUMENTAL METHODS

# I. pH METRY:

1. Stepwise proton ligand and metal ligand constant of complexes by Irving Rossetti method

# **II. COLORIMETRY AND SPECTROPHOTOMETRY**

1. simultaneous determination of manganese (KMnO4) and chromium (K2Cr2O7)

2. simultaneous determination of cobalt (II) and nickel(II)

3. Determination of composition and stability constant of complexes by Job's method of continuous variation , mole ratio method and slope ratio method

# **III. POTENTIOMETRY**

1. Estimation of halide in a mixture by potentiometry

2. Determination of stepwise stability constant of silver thiosulphate complex by potentiometrically

# **IV. CONDUCTOMETRY**

1. Estimation of amount of acid in a mixture by conductometric titration

# **B INORGANIC REACTION MECHANISM**

# Kinetics and mechanism of following reactions:

- 1. Substitution reactions in octahedral complexes (acid/base hydrolysis)
- 2. Redox reactions in octahedral complexes
- 3. Isomerization reaction of octahedral complexes

# C BIOINORGANIC CHEMISTRY (CHLOROPHYLL)

- 1. Extraction and absorption spectral study of chlorophyll from green leaves of student choice
- 2. separation of chlorophyll and their electronic spectral studies
- 3. Complexation study of metal ions with biologically important amino acids

# List of Books

- 1. Day And Underwood : Quantitative Analysis
- 2. Vogel A : A Textbook Of Quantitative Inorganic Analysis, Longman
- 3. Flaschka : Edta Titration
- 4. Merits And Thomas: Advanced Analytical Chemistry
- 5. Ewing, G. W. : Instrumental Methods Of Chemical Analysis, Mcgraw-Hill
- 6. Drago, R.S: Physical Methoods In Inorganic Chemistry

- 7. Christain G.D: Analytical Chemistry
- 8. Khopkar S.M.:Basic Concept Of Analytical Chemistry
- 9. Koltath And Ligane:Polorography
- 10. Braun:Instrumental Methods Of Chemical Analysis
- 11. Willard, Merritt And Dean: Instrumental Methods Of Chemical Analysis ,Van Nostrand
- 12. Strouts, Crifi; Llan And Wisin: Analytiacl Chemistry
- 13. Skoog S.A. And West D. W.:Fundamental Of Analytical Chemistry
- 14. Dilts R.V.: Analytiacl Chemistry
- 15. Jahgirdar D.V : Experiments In Chemistry

16. Chondhekar T.K: Systematic Experiments In Physical Chemistry, Rajbog S.W., Aniali Pubn.

17. Wlehov G. J: Standard Methods Of Chemicalanalysis 6th Ed

18. Ramesh Rand Anbu M , Chemical Methods For Envirnmental Analysis : Watewr And Sedient, Macmillion India

- 19. Akjmetov, N :General And Inorganic Chemistry
- 20. Aylett, B. And Smith , B. : Problems In Inorganic Chemistry
- 21. Charlot, G. And Bezier, D.: Quantitative Inorganic Analysis (John Wilry)

22. Douglas, B. E. Mcdanirl, D. H. Et Al : Concept Amd Models Of Inorganic Chemistry (4th Ed) J Wiley

- 23. Dutt P. K.: General And Inorganic Chemistry (Sarat Book House)
- 24. Fenton, David E.:Biocoordination Chemistry, Oxford
- 25. Jolly, W. L. : Inorganic Chemistryu (4 Th Ed) Addison-Wesley
- 26. Bertini, Et Al:Bioinorganic Chemistry (Viva)
- 27. Katakis, D. And Gordon, G :Mechanism Of Inorganic Reactions (J. Wiley)

# SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-II Semester III ORGANIC CHEMISTRY SPECIALIZATION MCSS31-O: Paper I (Special I-Organic Chemistry) 60h (4h/week) 15h/ unit 80 Marks

#### **UnitI: Photochemistry**

Interaction of radiation with matter, types of excitation, rate of excited molecules, quenching, Quantum efficiency, quantum yield, transfer of excitation energy, singlet and triplet states, experimental methods in photochemistry of carbonyl compounds, and transition, Norrish type I and Norrish type II reactions Paterno–Buchi reaction, Photoreduction, Photochemistry of enones,Hydrogen abstraction rearrangement of unsaturated ketones and cyclohexadienones, Photochemistry of parabenzoquinones, photochemistry of Aromatic compounds with reference toisomerisation additon and substitution Photochemical isomerization of cis and trans alkenes, Photochemical cyclization of reaction, Photo-Fries rearrangement, di-pi methane rearrangement,Photo theory reaction of anilides, photochemistry of vision, Applications of photochemical methodsin synthesis: Isocomene, Cedrene, Hirsutene

#### **Unit II: Pericyclic Reactions**

Molecular orbital symmetry, Frontier orbitals of ethylene, 1,3-butadiene, 1, 3, 5-hexatriene, allyl system, classification of pericyclic reaction. FMO approach, Woodward-Hoffman correlation diagram method and Perturbation of Molecular Orbital (PMO) approach of pericyclic reaction underthermal and photochemical conditions Electrocyclic reactions, conrotatary and disrotatary motion4n and (4n+2) systems, Cycloaddition reaction with more emphasis on [2+2] and [4+2],Cycloaddition of ketones Secondary effects in [4+2] cycloaddition. Stereochemical effects and effectof substituents on rate of cycloaddition reaction, Diels-Alder reaction, 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition andchelotropic reaction. Sigmotropic rearrangement, suprafacial, and antarafacial shift involvingcarbon moieties, retention and inversion of configuration, [3,3] and [3,5] sigmotropicrearrangements, Claisen, Cope, Sommelet-Hauser rearrangements, Ene reaction.

# Unit III

**A] Oxidation:** Oxidation of alkanes, aromatic hydrocarbons and alkenes, Dehydrogenation with S, Se, Fremy's salt, DDQ, chloranil and PhI(OAc)<sub>2</sub>, Oxidation with SeO<sub>2</sub>, Epoxidation of olefins, Syntheticapplication of epoxides, Sharpless asymmetric epoxidation, Dihydroxylation of olefins using KMnO<sub>4</sub>,OsO<sub>4</sub>, Woodward and Prevost dihydroxylation, Oxidative cleavage of olefins, Ozonolysis

**a**) Oxidation of alcohols: Chromium reagents, pyridinium chlorochromate (PCC), pyridinium dichromate (PDC), Collin and Jones reagent, Combination of DMSO with DCC, (COCl)<sub>2</sub>, NCS and (CH<sub>3</sub>CO)<sub>2</sub>O for oxidation of alcohols, Oxidation with MnO<sub>2</sub>, Oppenauer oxidation **b**) Oxidation of aldehydes and ketones, Conversion of ketones to  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ -unsaturated ketones and  $\alpha$ -hydroxy ketones, Baeyer-Villiger oxidation , Chemistry and synthetic applications of Pb(OAc)<sub>4</sub>, Dess-Martin periiodinane, IBX

#### 15 h

**B] Reduction:** Catalytic heterogeneous and homogeneous hydrogenation, Hydrogenation of alkenes, alkynes and arenes, Selectivity of reduction, Mechanism and stereochemistry of reduction, RaneyNi-catalyst, Adam catalyst, Lindlar catalyst, Wilkinson catalyst.

a) Reduction by dissolving metals, Reduction of carbonyl compounds, conjugated systems, aromatic

compounds and alkynes. Birch reduction, Hydrogenolysis

b) Reduction by hydride transfer reagents, Meerwein-Pondorff-Verley reduction, Reduction withLiAlH<sub>4</sub> and NaBH<sub>4</sub>, stereochemical aspects of hydride addition, Derivatives of LiAlH<sub>4</sub> and NaBH<sub>4</sub>,Selectivity issues, Diisobutylaluminium hydride (DIBAL-H), Sodium cyanoborohydride, Reduction with boranes and derivatives Reduction with Bu3SnH., Reduction of carbonyl group tomethylene, Reduction with diimide and trialkylsilanes

# Unit IV : Chemistry of P, S, Si,and Boron compounds

15h

**a**) Phosphours and sulphur ylide: Preperation and their synthetic application along with stereochemistry.

**b**) Umpolung concept: Dipole inversion, generation of acyl anion, use of 1,3-dithiane,

ethylmethylthiomethylsulphoxide, bis-phenylthiomethane, metallated enol ethers, alkylidene dithiane, ketone thioacetals, 2-propenethiobismethyl thioallyl anion, thiamine hydrochloride based generation of acyl anion

c) Organoboranes- preparation and properties of organoborane reagents e.g.  $RBH_2$ ,  $R_2BH$ ,  $R_3B$ , 9-BBN, catechol borane. Thexyl borane, cyclohexyl borane, ICPBH<sub>2</sub>, IPC<sub>2</sub>BH, Hydrborationmechanism, stereo and regeoselectivity, uses in synthesis of primary, secondary tertiaryalcohols, aldehydes, ketones, alkenes, Synthesis of EE, EZ, ZZ dienes and alkyenes. Mechanism of addition of IPC<sub>2</sub>BH. Allyl boranes- synthesis, mechanism and uses

d) Organo silicon compounds in organic synthesis, Me<sub>3</sub>SiCl, Me<sub>3</sub>SiH and Paterson synthesis

# List of books

1] Books as suggested in Semester I for organic chemistry

- 2] Organic Synthesis, The disconnection approach-S. Warren
- 3] Designing Organic Synthesis-S. Warren
- 4] Some Modern Methods of Organic Synthesis-W. Carruthers
- 5] Advance Organic Chemistry Part-B-F. A. Caray and R. J. Sundberg Plenum Press
- 6] Protective Group in Organic Synthesis-T. W. Greene and PGM
- 7] The Chemistry of Organo Phosphorous-A. J. Kirbi and S.G. Warren
- 8] Organo Silicon Compound-C. Eabon
- 9] Organic Synthesis via Boranes-H. C. Brown
- 10] Organo Borane Chemistry-T. P. Onak
- 11] Organic Chemistry of Boron-W. Gerrard
- 12] Fundamentals of Photochemistry-K. K. Rohatgi-Mukharji, Wiley Eastern Limited
- 13] Photochemistry-Cundau and Gilbert
- 14] Aspects of Organic Photochemistry-W. M. Horspoot
- 15] Photochemistry-J. D. Calvert
- 16] Photochemistry-R. P. Wayne

## SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-II Semester III ORGANIC CHEMISTRY SPECIALIZATION MCSS32-O: Paper II (Special II-Organic Chemistry) 60h (4h/week) 15h/ unit 80 Marks

Unit – I

A] **Terpenoids:** Classification, nomenclature, occurrence, isolation, general methods of structure determination, isoprene rule. Structure determination, stereochemistry, and synthesis of the following representative molecules: Citral, Geraniol,  $\alpha$ -terpeneol, Menthol, Farnesol, Zingiberene, Santonin, Phytol, Abietic acid and  $\beta$ -carotene, Vitamin A Genesis of biological isoprene unit, Biosynthesis (**ONLY**) of the following tepenoids: myrecene, linalool, geraniol,  $\alpha$ -terpeneol, limonene, camphor,  $\alpha$ -pinene,  $\beta$ -pinene, farnesol,  $\beta$ -bisabolene and squelene **B**] **Porphyrins:** Structure and synthesis of Haemoglobin and Chlorophyll

## Unit II

A] Alkaloids: Definition, nomenclature and physiological action, occurrence, isolation, general methods of structure elucidation, degradation, classification based on nitrogen heterocyclic ring,role of alkaloids in plants Structure, stereochemistry, and synthesis of the following: Ephedrine, (+)-coniine, Nicotine, Atropine, Quinine, Reserpine and Morphine, Biosynthesis (ONLY) of the followings: hygrine, tropinone, nicotine, pelletierine, conine **B**] **Prostaglandins:** Occurrence, nomenclature, classification, biogenesis and physiological effects. Synthesis of PGE2 and PGF2 $\alpha$ 

## Unit-III

**A] Steroids:** Occurrence, nomenclature, basic skeleton, Diel's hydrocarbon and stereochemistry.Isolation, structure determination and synthesis of Cholesterol, Bile acids, Androsterone, Testosterone, Estrone, Progesterone and Aldosterone.

Biosynthesis of steroids (lanosterol)

**B] Plant Pigments:** Occurrence, nomenclature and general methods of structure determination, isolation and synthesis of Apigenin, Luteolin, Quercetin, Myrcetin, Quercetin-3-glucoside, Vitexin, Diadzein, Butein, Cyanidin-7-arabinoside, Cyanidin, Hirsutidin. Biosynthesis of flavonoids: Acetate pathway and Shikimic acid pathway

## Unit IV:

**A] Carbohydrate:** Types of naturally occurring sugars, deoxy sugars, amino sugars, branched chainsugars, methyl ethers and acid derivatives of sugars, general methods of structure and ring sizedetermination with reference to maltose, lactose, sucrose, Chemistry of starch and cellulose.

**B] Amino acids, protein and peptides:** Amino acids, structural characteristics, acid base property, stereochemistry of amino acids, optical resolution, Stecker synthesis, peptide and proteins structure of peptide and protein, primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary structure. Reaction of polypeptide, structure determination of polypeptide, Solid phase peptide synthesis, end groupanalysis.

#### 15h

15h

15h

## List of books

- 1] Chemistry of Alkloids-S. W. Pelletier
- 2] Chemistry of Steroids-L. F. Fisher and M. Fisher
- 3] The Molecules of Nature-J. B. Hendricsion
- 4] Biogenesis of Natural Compound Benfield

5] Natural Product Chemistry and Biological Significance- J. Mann, R. S Devison, J. B. Hobbs, D. V.

- Banthripde and J. B. Horborne
- 6] Introduction to Flavonoids-B. A. Bohm, Harwood
- 7] Chemistry of Naturally Occurring Quinines-R. H. Thomson
- 8] The Systematic Identification of Flavonoids- Marby, Markham, and Thomos
- 9] Text Book of Organic Medicinal Chemistry-Wilson, Geswold
- 10] Medicinal Chemistry Vol I and II-Burger
- 11] Synthetic Organic Chemistry -Gurudeep Chatwal.
- 12] Organic Chemistry of Natural Products Vol I and II-O. P. Agrawal
- 13] Organic Chemistry of Natural Products -Gurudeep Chatwal
- 14] A Textbook of Pharmaceutical Chemistry-Jayshree Ghosh
- 15] Synthetic Dyes Series -Venkatraman
- 16] Chemistry Process Industries-Shreve and Brink
- 17] Principal of Modern Heterocyclic Chemistry-L. A. Paquelte
- 18] Heterocyclic Chemistry-J. Joule and G. Smith
- 19] Heterocyclic Chemistry-Morton
- 20] An Introduction to Chemistry of Heterocyclic Compound-J. B. Acheson
- 21] Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry-A. Gringuadge
- 22] Wilson and Gisvold Text Book of Organic Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry-Ed.
- 23] An Introduction to Drug Design-S. S. Pandey and J. R. Demmock
- 24] Polymer Science-V. Govarikar
- 25] Principle of Polymer Chemistry-P. J. Flory
- 26] An Outline of Polymer Chemistry-James Q. Allen
- 27] Organic Polymer Chemistry-K. J. Saunders

## SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-II Semester III ORGANIC CHEMISTRY SPECIALIZATION MCSS35-O: Practical-I (Organic Chemistry Special)

12 h /week Marks: 100

## [A] Quantitative Analysis

Student is expected to carry out following estimations (minimum 6 estimations.)

- 1. Estimation of Vitamin "C" Iodometry.
- 2. Estimation of Phenol by KBrO3-KBr.
- 3. Estimation of Amine by Bromate/ Bromide solution.
- 4. Estimation of Formaldyde by Iodometry.
- 5. Estimation of Glucose by Benedict's solution.
- 6. Estimation of given carbonyl compound by hydrazone formation.
- 7. Estimation of Aldehyde by Oxidation method.

8. Determination of percentage of number of hydroxyl group in an organic compound by acetylation method.

## [B] Isolation of Organic Compounds from Natural Source (Any six)

a) Isolation of caffeine from tea leaves.

b) Isolation of casein from milk (the students are required to try some typical colour reactions of proteins)

c) Isolation of lactose from milk (purity of sugar should be checked by TLC and PC and Rf value reported.)

- d) Isolation of nicotine dipicrate from tobacco
- e) Isolation of cinchonine from cinchona bark
- f) Isolation of piperine from black pepper
- g) Isolation of lycopene from tomatoes
- h) Isolation of  $\beta$ -carotene from carrots
- i) Isolation of cysteine from hair

j) Isolation of oleic acid from olive oil (involving the preparation of complex with urea and separation f linoleic acid

- k) Isolation of eugenol from cloves
- l) Isolation of (+) limonine from citrus rinds

## [C] QUALITATIVE ANALYSIS

Separation of the components of a mixture of three organic compounds (three solids, two solids and one liquid, two liquids and one solid, all three liquids and identification of any two componentsusing chemical methods or physical techniques. Minimum 10-12 mixtures to be analyzed.

## **SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY** M.Sc.-II Semester III PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY SPECIALIZATION MCSS31-P: Paper I (Special I-Physical Chemistry) 60h (4h/week) 15h/unit 80 Marks

#### **UNIT I : STATISTICAL THERMODYNAMICS**

A] Statistical thermodynamics: Atomic and Molecular quantum levels, Significance of BoltzmannDistribution law, partition Functions and ensembles, ensemble averaging, postulates of ensembleaveraging, canonical, grand canonical and micro canonical ensembles, corresponding distributionlaws using Lagranges method of undetermined multipliers. Ortho and para hydrogen, principle of equipartition of energy, calculation of average energy

**B**] Partition function, Translational partition function, Rotational partition function, Vibrational partition function, Electronic partition function, Applications of partition functions, Numericals.

#### **UNIT II: ELECTROCHEMISTRY OF INTERFACES**

A] Electrode Interfaces: Quantum aspects of charge transfer at electrode-solution interfaces, quantization of charge transfer, tunneling. Semiconductor interfaces: Theory of double layer at semiconductor, electrolyte solution interfaces, structure of double layer interfaces, effect of light atsemiconductor solution interface.

B] Electro catalysis: Comparison of electro catalytic activity, importance of oxygen reduction andhydrogen evolution reactions, and their mechanism, volcanoes.

C] Bio-electrochemistry: Threshold membrane phenomena, Nernst Plank equation, Hodges Huxleyequations, core conductor models, electrocardiography.

#### **UNIT III: CHEMICAL DYNAMICS - I**

A] Dynamics of complex reactions: reversible, parallel, consecutive, concurrent and branching reactions, free radical and chain reactions, reaction between Hydrogen - Bromine and Hydrogen -Chlorine (thermal and photochemical), decomposition of ethane, acetaldehyde, N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>, Rice Herzfeldmechanism, Oscillatory autocatalytic and Belousov-Zhabotinsky reactions.

**B**] Fast Reactions: relaxation methods, flow methods, flash photolysis, magnetic resonance method, relaxation time and numericals.

#### **UNIT IV: PHOTOCHEMISTRY**

A] Photophysical phenomenon: Introduction, photo and photochemical excitation and defluorescence, delayed fluorescence, and phosphorescence, fluorescence excitation, quenching: concentrationquenching, quenching by excimer and exciplex emission, fluorescence resonance energy transferbetween photoexcited donor and acceptor systems. Stern-Volmer relation, critical energy transferdistances, energy transfer efficiency, examples and analytical significance, bimolecular collisions, quenching and Stern-Volmer equation.

15h

15h

#### 15h

**B] Photochemical reactions**: photoreduction, photooxidation, photodimerization, photochemical substitution, photoisomerization, photosenitisation, chemiluminescence, photochemistry of environment: Green house effect.

## List of books:

1. G. M. Panchenkov and V. P. Labadev, "Chemical Kinetics and catalysis", MIR Publishing

2. E.A. Moelwyn- Hughes, "Chemical Kinetics and Kinetics of Solutions", Academic

3. K. J. Laidler, Chemical Kinetics, Third Edition (1987), Harper and Row, New York

4. J. Raja Ram and J. C. Kuriacose, Kinetics and Mechanism of Chemical Transformations MacMilllan

Indian Ltd., New Delhi (1993)

5. J.G. Calvert and J.N. Pitts, Jr., *Photochemistry*, John Wiley and Sons, New York (1966).

6. K. K. Rohtagi-Mukherjee, *Fundamentals of Photochemistry*, New Age International, New Delhi(1986).

7. R. P. Wayne, *Principles and Applications of Photochemistry*, Oxford University Press, Oxford(1988).

8. N. J. Turro, Modern Molecular Photochemistry, Univ. Science Books, Sansalito (1991).

9. J. F. L. Lakowicz, *Principles of Fluorescence Spectroscopy*, 2nd Edition (1999), PlenumPublishers,

NewYork.

10. F.W.Sears, "Introduction to Thermodynamics, Kinetic Theory of Gases and statistical mechanics". AddisonWesley

11. H. K. Moudgil, Text Book of Physical Chemistry, Pretice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2010.12. M. C. Day and J Selbin, Theoretical Inorganic Chemistry, Reinhold Pub. Corp., New York,

13. N. J. Turro, V. Ramamurthy and J. C. Scaiano, Principles of Photochemistry – An Introduction, Viva Books, New Delhi, 2015.

14. G. A. Somorjai, Introduction to Surface Chemistry and Catalysis, Wiley, 2010.

15. M. C. Gupta, Statistical Thermodynamics, New Age International.

16. K. Huang, Statistical Mechanics, Wiley, New Delhi, 2003.

17. Andrew Maczek, *Statistical Thermodynamics*, Oxford University Press Inc., New York (1998).

18. B. K. Agarwal and M. Eisner, Statistical Mechanics, Wiley Eastern, New Delhi (1988).

19. D. A. McQuarrie, Statistical mechanics, Harper and Row Publishers, New York (1976).

20. J.O.M.Bokris and A.K.N.Reddy, "Modern Elcrtrochemistry". Wiley

21. S. Glasstone, "Introduction to Electrochemistry" Affilisated East West Press, New Delhi.

- 22. D. R. Crow, "The Principle of electrochemistry", Chapman Hall
- 23. G. K. Agrawal, Basic Chemical Kinetics, Tata-Mc-Graw Hill Pvt., Ltd. 1990

24. K. L. Kapoor, Text Book of Physical Chemistry, Vol – I to Vol-VI, 2011.

## SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-II Semester III PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY SPECIALIZATION MCSS32-P: Paper II (Special II-Physical Chemistry) 60h (4h/week) 15h/unit 80 Marks

#### UNIT-I: QUANTUM MECHANICS - II

**A] Applications of Quantum Mechanics**: Approximate methods, variation principle, its application inLinear and non-linear functions, MO theory applied to  $H_2^+$  molecule and  $H_2$  molecule (calculation of energy), perturbation theory, application of perturbation theory to helium atom, generation of the concept of resonance.

**B**] Electronic structure of atoms: Russel Sanders terms and coupling schemes, Slater determinents, term separation energies of the pn configuration, term separation energies for dn configuration, magnetic effects: spin orbit coupling and Zeeman splitting.

C] Hybridization, hybrid orbitals in terms of wave functions of s and p orbitals, sp and  $sp^2$  hybridizations, Simple Hückel theory applied to: ethylene, butadiene, cyclobutadiene, cyclopropenyl radical.

#### **Unit II: SOLID STATE REACTIONS AND NANOPARTICLES**

**A] Solid State Reactions**: General principle, types of reactions: Additive, decomposition and phasetransition reactions, tarnish reactions, kinetics of solid state reactions, factors affecting the solidstate reactions. photographic process.

**B]** Nanoparticles and Nanostructural materials: Introduction, methods of preparation, physicalproperties, and chemical properties, sol-gel chemistry of metal alkoxide, application of Nanoparticles, Charecterization of Nanoparticles by SEM and TEM. Nanoporous Materials: Introduction, Zeolites and molecular sieves, determination of surface acidity, porous lamellar solids, composition-structure, preparation and applications.

#### **UNIT-III: ELECTROCHEMISTRY OF SOLUTION**

**A] Metal/Electrolyte interface**: OHP and IHP, potential profile across double layer region, potentialdifference across electrified interface; Structure of the double layer : Helmholtz-Perrin, GouyChapman model, Stern region, Graham Devanathan- Mottwatts, Tobin, Bockris, Devnathan Models.

**B**] Over potentials, exchange current density, derivation of Butler Volmer equation under near equilibrium and non-equilibrium conditions, Tafel plot

**C]** Electrical double lever, theories of double layer, electro-capillary phenomena, electrocapillarycurve. Electro-osmosis, electrophoreses. Streaming and Sedimentation potentials. Zeta potentials and its determination by electrophoresis, influence of ions on Zeta potential.

## UNIT IV: IRREVERSIBLE THERMODYNAMICS

**A]** Microscopic reversibility and Onsager reciprocity relation, phenomenological equations, Transformation of generalized fluxes and forces. The cyclic version of Clausius' inequality and itsintegrated form and their correspondence with time's arrow and irreversibility, Clausius' uncompensated heat. Derivation of the differential form of Clausius' inequality.

Institute of Science, Nagpur - Syllabus for M. Sc. Chemistry.

15h

15h

15h

**B**] Rate of entropy production and the concept of Chemical affinity and its application to the cases ofchemical reactions, coupled reactions, electrochemical reactions. Derivation of Gibbs relation andits DeDonderian version (time rate form) for spatially uniform chemically reacting closed systems, entropy production in spatially non-uniform systems like heat flow, Electrokinetic effect – Saxenrelation.

## List of books:

1. Ira .N. Levine, Quantum Chemistry, 5th edition(2000), Pearson educ., Inc.New Delhi

2. A.K.Chandra, Introductory Quantum Chemistry, 4th edition (1994), Tata Mcgraw Hill, New Delhi.

3. M.W.Hanna, "Quantum Mechanics in Chemistry", Benjamin

4. L. Pualing and E. B. Wilson, Introduction to Quantum Mechanics with Applications to Chemistry, McGraw Hill, New York (1935).

5. R. K. Prasad, Quantum Chemistry, New Age International, Delhi.

6. R. K. Prasad, Quantum Chemistry through problems and solutions, New Age International, New Delhi, 2009.

7. B. C. Reed, Quantum Mechanics, Jones and Bartlett, New Delhi, 2010.

8. S. Glasstone, An Introduction to Electrochemistry, East-West Press Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2004.

9. D. Mcquarie and J. Simon, Physical Chemistry – A Molecular Approach, University Press, 2000

10. H. K. Moudgil, Text Book of Physical Chemistry, Pretice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2010. 11. S. O. Pillai, Solid State Physics, New Age International, New Delhi, 2102.

12. M. C. Day and J Selbin, Theoretical Inorganic Chemistry, Reinhold Pub. Corp., New York,

13. I Prigogine and R. Defay, Chemical Thermodynamics, Longmans, London, 1954.

14. S. R. DeGroot and P. Mazoor, Non-Equilibrium Thermodynamics, North-Holland Co., Amsterdam, 1969.

15. G. Lebon, D. Jou and Casa Vazquez, Understanding Non-equilibrium Thermodynamics, Springer, 2008.

16. I.Prigoggine, "An Introduction to Thermodynamics of Irreversible Processes," Wiley-Interscience.

17. R. P. Rastogi, Introduction to Non-equilibrium Physical Chemistry, Elsevier, Amsterdam, 2008.

18. J.O.M.Bokris and A.K.N.Reddy, "Modern Elcrtrochemistry". Wiley

19. S. Glasstone, "Introduction to Electrochemistry" Affilisated East West Press, New Delhi.

20. D. R. Crow, "The Principle of electrochemistry", Chapman Hall

21. C.Kittel, "Introduction to solid state Physics", Wiley

22. L.V.Azaroff, "Introduction to solids", McGraw Hill

23. Santosh Kumar Upadhyay, Chemical Kinetics and Reaction Dynamics, Springer 2006.

24. N. B. Hanny, Treaties in Solid State Chemistry, 4th Edn,

25. N. B. Hanny, Solids,

26. Sulbha Kulkarni, Nanotechnology: Principles and Practices, Capital Publishing House, 2011.

27. T. Pradeep, Nano: The Essentials, Tata Mc-Graw Hill, 2012

- 28. K. L. Kapoor, Text Book of Physical Chemistry, Vol I to Vol-VI, 2011.
- 29. N. B. Hanny, "Solid State Chemistry"

30. C. N. R. Rao and Gopalakrishnan, "New Directions in Solid State Chemistry " Second Edition, Cambridge University Press.

31. Anthony R. West, "Solid State Chemistry and its Applications" Wiley India Edition.

# SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-II Semester III PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY SPECIALIZATION MCSS35-P: Practical-I (Physical Chemistry Special)

12 h /week Marks: 100

#### **Thermodynamics:**

1. Determination of partial molar volume of solute and solvent (ethanol-water, methanolwater, KClwatermixture)

#### Solutions:

2. Study the variation of solubility of potassium hydrogen tartarate with ionic strength using a salt having a common ion and hence determine the mean ionic activity coefficients.

3. Determination of temp. dependence of the solubility of a compound in two solvents having similarintermolecular interactions(benzoic acid in water and DMSO – water mixture) and calculation of thepartial molar heat of solution.

#### Phase equilibrium:

4. To study the effect of addition of an electrolyte such as NaCl, KCl,Na2SO4,K2SO4 etc. on the solubility of an organic acid(benzoic acid or salicylic acid).

5. To determine the heat of crystallization of CuSO4,5H2O

6. To determine the heat of reaction involving precipitation of a salt BaSO4

7. To determine transition temperature of CaCl2 by thermometric method and to determine transitiontemperature of CaCl2, sodium bromide by solubility method

#### **Kinetics:**

8. To determine the activation energy of hydrolysis of an ester by acid.

9. Kinetics of reaction between sodium thiosulphate and KI. Determination of rate constant; study of influence of ionic strength10. Kinetics of decomposition of H2O2 catalysed by iodide ion. Also determination of activation energy of reaction.

#### **Conductometry:**

11. Estimate the concentration of  $H_2SO_4$ ,  $CH_3COOH$ ,  $CuSO_4.5H_2O$  in a given solution by carrying outconductometric titration against NaOH solution.

12. Determine the eq. conductance of strong electrolyte (KCl, NaCl, HCl, KNO<sub>3</sub>) at several concentrationand hence verify Onsager's equation.

13. Carry out the following precipitation titration conductometrically. a. 50 ml.0.02N AgNO3with 1NHCl; b.50 ml.0.02N AgNO<sub>3</sub> with 1N KCl; c. 50 ml 0.004 N MgSO<sub>4</sub> with 0.1 N Ba(OH)<sub>2</sub>; d. 50 ml 0.002 NBaCl<sub>2</sub> with 1 N Li<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>; e. 50 ml.0.02 N BaCl<sub>2</sub> with 1N K<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>

#### **Potentiometry:**

14. To prepare calomel electrode and to determine the potential of calomel electrode by potentiometry.

15. To determine stability constant of Fe3+ with potassium dichromate in presence of dilute sulphuricacid by redox titration.16. To determine solubility product of Silver chloride by potentiometric method.

17.Determination of redox potential of the couples( $Fe^{2+}/Fe^{3+}, Co^{3+}/Co^{2+}, Cr^{3+}/Cr^{2+}, MnO_4$  -/Mn<sup>2+</sup>(anytwo) and equilibrium constant.

18. Study of complex formation by potentiometry e.g. $Ag^+-S_2O_3^{-2}$ ,  $Fe^{3+}-SCN^-$ ,  $Ag^+-NH_3$  (any two) and calculation of stability constant.

## Spectrophotometry:

19. To verify Beers law for solution of potassium permanganate and to find molar extinction coefficient.

20. To determine the indicator constant (pKIn) of methyl orange/red spectrophotometrically.

## **Polarography:**

1. Determination of the half-wave potential of the cadmium ion in 1M potassium chloride solution.

- 2. Investigation of the influence of dissolved oxygen.
- 3. Determination of cadmium in solution.
- 4. Determination of lead and copper in steel.

## List of Books

- 1. Vogel A : A Textbook Of Quantitative Inorganic Analysis, Longman
- 2. Das and Behra, Practical Physical Chemistry
- 3. Carl W. Garland, Joseph W. Nibler and David P. Shoemaker, Experiments in Physical Chemistry, Mc- Graw Hill, 8th Edition, 2009.
- 4. Farrington Daniels, Joseph Howard Mathews, John Warren Williams, Paul Bender, Robert
- A. Alberty, Experimental Physical Chemistry, Mc-Graw Hill, Fifth Edition, 1956.
- 5. John W. Shriver and Michael George, Experimental Physical Chemistry, Lab Manual and Data Analysis, The University of Alabama in Huntsville, Fall 2006
- 6. Day And Underwood : Quantitative Analysis
- 7. Merits And Thomas: Advanced Analytical Chemistry
- 8. Ewing, G. W. : Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis, Mcgraw-Hill
- 9. Drago, R.S:Physical Methoods In Inorganic Chemistry
- 10. Christain G.D:Analytical Chemistry
- 11. Khopkar S.M.:Basic Concept Of Analytical Chemistry
- 12. Koltath And Ligane:Polorography
- 13. Braun:Instrumental Methods Of Chemical Analysis
- 14. Willard, Merritt And Dean: Instrumental Methods Of Chemical Analysis ,Van Nostrand
- 15. Strouts, Crifi; Llan And Wisin: Analytiacl Chemistry
- 16. Skoog S.A. And West D. W.:Fundamental of Analytical Chemistry
- 17. Dilts R.V.: Analytiacl Chemistry
- 18. Jahgirdar D.V : Experiments In Chemistry
- 19. Chondhekar T .K: Systematic Experiments In Physical Chemistry, Rajbog S.W., Aniali Pubn.
- 20. Wlehov G. J: Standard Methods Of Chemicalanalysis 6th Ed

# SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-II Semester III ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY SPECIALIZATION MCSS31-A: Paper I (Special I-Analytical Chemistry)

60h (4h/week) 15h/unit 80 Marks

#### Unit-I: Radioanalytical Chemistry-I

Radioactivity-Radiation-Units-Curie, Becquerel, Gray, Rad, Sievert, RBE, REM, Half life, mixed halflife, branching decay, different types of radiations and their interactions with matter, radioactiveequilibrium, Elementary principles of GM and proportional counters, Gamma Ray Spectrometer, Ionization chamber, HPGe detector, NaI(Tl) detector, calibration using standard sources, resolution, numericals.

## Unit-II: Optical methods of analysis-III

Atomic absorption spectroscopy: Principle. Atomic energy levels. Grotrian diagrams. Population of energy levels. Instrumentation. Sources: Hollow cathode lamp and electrodeless discharge lamp, factors affecting spectral width. Atomizers: Flame atomizers, graphite rod and graphite furnace.Cold vapour and hydride generation techniques. Factors affecting atomization efficiency, flameprofile. Monochromators and detectors. Beam modulation. Detection limit and sensitivity.Interferences and their removal. Comparison of AAS and flame emission spectrometry. Applicationsof AAS.

## Unit-III: Electrochemical methods of analysis-III

*Stripping Voltammetry*: Principle and technique in anodic and cathodic stripping voltammetry, applications to metal ion analysis, limitations.

Adsorptive stripping voltammetry: Principle, technique, applications to metal ions and organicanalysis. Advantages over anodic stripping voltammetry. Catalytic effects in voltammetry. *Working electrodes:* Mercury electrodes, carbon electrodes, film electrodes.

Cyclic voltammetry: Principle and technique. Randles-Sevcik equation. Interpretation of

voltammogram- reversible, irreversible and quasi-reversible systems. Applications of cyclic voltammetry in study of reaction mechanism and adsorption processes.

*Electrochemical sensors* (*Chemically modified electrodes*): Biosensors, catalytic sensors and gassensors. Comparison of voltammetry with AAS and ICP-AES.

## Unit-IV: Miscellaneous techniques-I

**Fluorometry and phosphorimetry:** Principles of fluorescence and phosphorescence. Jablonskidiagram. Concentration dependence of fluorescence intensity. Fluorescence quenching.Instrumentation. Applications.

Nephelometry and turbidimetry: Principle, instrumentation and applications.

*Photoacoustic spectroscopy:* Theory. Instrumentation. Advantages over absorption spectroscopy. Chemical and surface applications of PAS.

*Electrogravimery*: Theory of electrolysis. Electrode reactions. Decomposition potential.

Overvoltage. Characteristics of deposits and completion of deposition. Instrumentation. Applicationin separation of metals.

Institute of Science, Nagpur - Syllabus for M. Sc. Chemistry.

## 15h

# 15h

# SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-II Semester III ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY SPECIALIZATION MCSS32-A: Paper II (Special II-Analytical Chemistry)

60h (4h/week) 15h/unit 80 Marks

#### **Unit-I: Organoanalytical Chemistry**

*Elemental analysis*: Outline of macro, semi-micro, micro and ultra-micro analysis, semimicro determination of carbon, hydrogen, halogen, sulphur, nitrogen, phosphorous, arsenic, boron and metals in organic compounds.

*Functional group analysis*: Semi-micro determination of the following functional groups in organiccompounds- hydroxyl, amino, nitro, nitroso, azo, N-acetyl, O-acetyl, methyl, aldehydes, ketones, thio,disulphide, sulphonamide, unsaturation and active hydrogen.

KF reagent: Karl Fischer reagent and its use in analysis of water in organic compounds.

#### Unit-II: Analysis of ores and cement

*Ores:* Composition and analysis of the followings ores- Bauxite, Pyrolusite, Dolomite, Chromite.

*Portland cement*: Composition, raw material, manufacturing processes, characteristics, analysis.

#### Unit III:

Water pollution and analysis: Sources of water pollution, composition of potable water,

importance of water analysis, sampling and sample preservation, physico-chemical analysis of water. Mineral analysis (temperature, pH, conductivity, turbidity, solids, alkalinity, chloride, fluoride, sulphates, hardness), Demand analysis (DO, BOD, COD, TOC), nutrients (nitrogen-total, nitrate, nitrite, phosphate) and heavy metals (As, Cd, Cr, Hg and Pb). A brief idea of coagulation andflocculation. Water treatment plants: Sand filters and other types of filters.

#### Unit-IV: Air pollution and analysis

Air pollution and analysis-classification of air pollutants, sources of air pollution and methods of control, sampling of aerosols and gaseous pollutants and their effects, SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, CO, CO<sub>2</sub>, particulates-SPM, RSPM, High Volume Sampler, Fabric Filters, Cyclones (direct and Reverse), ESP,ozone layer, Green house effect, Heat Islands, Acid Rain.

#### List of books:

1. Essentials of Nuclear Chemistry: H. J. Arnikar (Willey Eastern Ltd)

- 2. Substoichiometry in Radioanalytical Chemistry: J. Ruzicka and J Stary (Pergamon Press)
- 3. Introduction to Radiation Chemistry: J. W. T. Spinks and R. J. Woods
- 4. Radiochemistry: A. N. Nesmeyanov (Mir Publications)
- 5. Instrumental Methods of Analysis: Willard, Meriit and Dean(Van Nostrand)
- 6. Instrumental Methods of Analysis: G. Chatwal and S. Anand (Himalaya Publishing House)

#### 15h

15h

#### 15h

7. Vogel's Text Book of Quantitative Inorganic Analysis: Bassett, Denney, Jeffery and Mendham (ELBS)

- 8. Advanced Analytical Chemistry: Meites and Thomas (McGraw-Hill)
- 9. Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy: Robinson (Marcol Dekker)
- 10. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis: Braun (Tata McGraw-Hill)
- 11. Analysis of Water: Rodier
- 12. Laboratory manual of water analysis: Moghe and Ramteke (NEERI)
- 13. Electroanalytical chemistry: Joseph Wang
- 14. Electroanalytical stripping methods: Brainina and Neyman (Wiley-Interscience)
- 15. Trace analysis: S. Lahiri (Narosa Publishing House)
- 16. Electroanalytical Chemistry: Bard (Marcel-Dekker)

17. Chemistry in Engineering and Technology- Vol I and II: J.C. Kuriacose and J. Rajaram (Tata-McGraw Hill)

## SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-II Semester III ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY SPECIALIZATION MCSS35-A: Practical-1 (Analytical Chemistry Special) 12 h /week Marks: 100

#### pH-metry

- 1. Determination of percent Na2CO3 in soda ash by pH-metric titration.
- 2. Determination of isoelectric point of amino acid.
- 3. Determination of three dissociation constants of phosphoric acid.

#### Conductometry

- 1. Displacement titration of CH3COONa with HCl.
- 2. Precipitation titration of MgSO4 and BaCl2.
- 3. Titration of mixture of CH3COOH, H2SO4 and CuSO4 with NaOH.

#### Potentiometry

- 1. Estimation of Cl-, Br- and I- in a mixture.
- 2. Determination of percent purity of phenol by potentiometric titration with NaOH.
- 3. Estimation of acids in mixtures.

#### Coulometry

- 1. Estimation of nickel and cobalt by coulometric analysis at controlled potential.
- 2. Analysis of antimony (III) with  $I_3^-$ .

#### **Polarography**

1. Determination of E1/2 of  $Cd^{2+}$  and  $Zn^{2+}$  at DME.

2. Estimation of  $Cd^{2+}$  and  $Zn^{2+}$  in respective solutions by calibration curve and standard addition methods.

3. Determination of composition /stability constant of complex.

#### **Cyclic voltammetry**

1. Study of cyclic voltammograms of K<sub>3</sub>[Fe(CN)<sub>6</sub>].

#### Electrogravimetry

1. Estimation of nickel and copper individually as well as in mixture.

#### Polarimetry

1. Inversion of cane sugar in the presence of HCl.

2. Determination of percentage of two optically active substances (d-glucose and d-tartaric acid) inmixture.

#### Colorimetry/spectrophotometry

1. Simultaneous determination of chromium and manganese in given mixture.

- 2. Simultaneous determination of two dyes in a mixture.
- 3. Estimation of Mn in steel.
- 4. Estimation of Cu/Ni in alloys.
- 5. Estimation of iron in water sample using 1,10-phenanthroline.

6. Estimation of Fe(III) in given solution by photometric titration with EDTA (salicylic acid method).

#### **Flame photometry**

1. Estimation of Li, Na, K, Ca in rock/ soil / water samples.

#### **Turbidimetry and nephelometry**

- 1. To determine molecular weight of polymer.
- 2. Estimation of sulphate in water sample by turbidimetry.
- 3. Estimation of phosphate by nephelometry.

#### **Radioanalytical techniques**

1. GM-counter: Plateau, nuclear statistics, half thickness of aluminium absorbers, dead time.

2. Gamma ray spectrometer: Calibration using standard sources, determination of half life (Mn-56, I-128, In-116)

3. Experiments based on radiation chemistry: G-value- $G(NO_2^{-})$ .

#### Demonstrations

1. UV-spectrophotometry

## SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-II Semester III ELECTIVE PAPER MCSS33-E: Paper III (Elective- Environmental Chemistry)

60 h (4 h per week): 15 h per unit 80 Marks

#### Unit -I: Concept and scope of Environmental Chemistry

Biosphere, Lithosphere, Hydrosphere and Atmosphere, Ecological principles- aspects of ecology, classification, types of ecosystems. Biogeochemical cycles- carbon, nitrogen, phosphorous, oxygen,hydrogen, sulphur, iron, sodium, potassium, magnesium, cobalt, mercury, lead, zinc and cadmium.Thermal pollution—sources, harmful effects and prevention of thermal pollution. Noise pollution --- sources, effects and control of noise pollution.

#### Unit-II: Water

Origin, physico-chemical properties of water, sources of water, hydrological cycle, criteria of waterquality, Water management- water shed management, rain water harvesting, waterpollutionsources, consequences and harmful effects of water pollution, strategies for water pollution control.

#### Unit-III: Air

Major regions of the atmosphere, composition of the atmosphere, temperature inversion and air pollution episodes, photochemistry of the atmosphere, depletion of the stratospheric ozone, greenhouse effect, green house gases, remedial measures for reversion of green house effect, acid rain, photochemical smog, particulate matter.

#### Unit-IV:

**Soil:** Chemical and mineralogical composition of soil, classification of soil, types of soilsaline andalkaline, physical properties – texture, bulk density, permeability, chemical properties—Ion exchange capacity, soil pH and micro and macro nutrient availability. Soil management— Management of saline and alkaline soil, soil indicator plants,

**Radioactive Pollution:** Introduction to radiation chemistry, sources of radioactive pollution, effects of radioactive pollution, nuclear disasters in the two decades, protection from radiation, control of radiation.

## 15h

15h

## 15h

## SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-II Semester III ELECTIVE PRACTICAL MCSS36-E: Practical II–Elective (Environmental Chemistry) 12h per week Marks-100

## WATER ANALYSIS

1 Sampling of water-tap water, overhead storage tank water, pond water and lake water

2 Physico -chemical and organoleptic characteristics of the above water sample

3 Statistical evolution of the data obtained for optimization of result

4 Determination of total solids, total dissolved solids and total suspended solids and its significance

5 Determination and comparison of chlorine content in tap water, storage tank and swimming pool

6 Determination of acidity and alkalinity in water samples

7 Determination of total, permanent and temporary hardness of water sample

8 Determination of DO, COD, and BOD of water sample

9 Analysis of chemicals used in water and waste water treatment-alum, bleaching powder, activatedcarbon

10 Analysis iron and manganese in water sample by visual titrimetry

- 11 Analysis of copper and nickel in water sample by Spectrophotometry
- 12 Analysis of phenol in water sample by Spectrophotometry
- 13 Analysis of nitrite in water sample by Spectrophotometry
- 14 Analysis of chromium in water sample
- 15 Analysis of chloride in water sample
- 16 Analysis of sulphate in water sample
- 17 Determination of turbidity of a given water sample
- 18 Estimation of Na, K, by flame photometry in given water

#### AIR ANALYSIS

1 Determination of SOx and NOx and TSPM (total suspended particulate matter) and RSPM in ambientair

#### SOIL ANALYSIS

1 Analysis of different types of soil like pH, conductivity, alkalinity etc.

2 Determination of N,K, P of soil by flame photometry

3 Analysis of nutrients-nitrogen (total, ammonia, nitrite & nitrate ), phosphate total

4 Determination of macro &micro nutrients in soil

## List of books

- 1. Water analysis : J. Rodier
- 2. A Text book of Inorganic Analysis : A.I.Vogel
- 3. Colorimetric Determination of metals : E.B.Sandell
- 4. Environmental Chemistry : Moore J W and Moore E A. Academic Press, New York, 1976.

5. Environment and Man Vol VII: The Chemical Environment Edited by J Lenihar and W Fleecher Vlackie Publication, 1977.

- 6. The Chemistry of Environment: R A Horne, Wiley Interscience Publication 1978.
- 7. Fundamentals of Air Pollution: A C Stern
- 8. Instrumental Methods of Analysis: Willard, Merrit and Dean
- 9. Analytical Chemistry: Meites and Thomas

10. Standard Methods for Examination of water and waste water: A E Greenberg, A D Eaton, APHA,AWWA,WEF

11. Chemistry for Environmental Engineering and Science: C N Sawyer, P L McCarty and G F Parkin

12. Laboratory Manual for the Examination of Water, waste water and soil: H H Rupa and H Krist, V C HPublication

- 13. Manual on Water and Waste water analysis: D S Ramteke and C A Moghe, NEERI
- 14. Environmental Chemistry: B K Sharma and H Kaur
- 15. Environmental Chemistry: A K De

16. Environmental Pollution- Management and control for sustainable Development: R K Khatoliya

17. Environmental Chemistry: A K Bhagi and G R Chatwal

# SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-II Semester III ELECTIVE PAPER MCSS33-P: Paper III (Elective- Polymer Chemistry)

60 h (4 h per week): 15 h per unit 80 Marks

#### **Unit-I: Introduction to polymers**

Nomenclature and classification of polymers, Polymerization: condensation, addition, radical chainionicand co-ordination and co-polymerization and their mechanisms, Types of polymers- linear, branched, crosslinked, ladder, thermoplastic, thermosetting, fibres, elastomers, natural polymers, addition and condensation polymers. Stereoregular polymers- atactic, syndiotactic and isotactic.

#### Unit-II: Molar mass and its determination

Molecular mass and molar distribution. Number average, mass average, viscosity, average molecular mass and relation between them. Molecular mass distribution. Determination of molecular mass- Osmometry (membrane and vapour phase), light scattering, gel permeation chromatography, sedimentation and ultracentrifuge, viscosity method and end-group analysis.

#### Unit III: Physical characteristics of polymers

Morphology and order in crystalline polymers. Configuration of polymer chains, crystal structure ofpolymers. Morphology of crystalline polymers, strain-induced morphology, crystallization andmelting. The glass transition temperature (Tg), relationship between Tg and TT, Effect of molecularweight, dilments, chemical structure, chain topology, branching and cross linking. Methods ofdetermination of glass transition and crystallinity of polymers.

#### **Unit IV: Commercial polymers**

**A)** Organic polymers: Commercial polymers, synthesis and and application of polyethylene, Cellulose Acetate, PMMA, polyaimdes, polyesters, Urea resins and eposy resins.

**B**) Functional polymers: Fire retarding polymers and conducting polymers, biomedical polymers.

# 15h

15h

15h

# SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-II Semester III ELECTIVE PRACTICAL MCSS36-P: Practical II–Elective (Polymer Chemistry)

12h per week Marks-100

## 1. Synthesis of polymers:

- a) Synthesis of Thiokol rubber (condensation)
- b) Urea-formaldehyde (condensation)
- c) Glyptal resin: glycerine phthalic acid (crosslinked Polymer Chemistry)
- d) Polyacryonitril (bulk polymerization)
- e) Polyacryonitril (emulsion polymerization)
- f) Polymethylomethacrylate (emulsion of suspension Polymer Chemistry)
- g) Nylon-66 (interfacial polycondensation)
- h) Coordination polymers
- i) Conducting polymer (electro- or peroxodisulphate oxidation)

## 2. Characterization of polymers:

- a) End-group analysis
- b) Viscosity and molecular mass
- c) Density of polymer by flotation methods
- d) IR spectra.

## 3. Purification and fractionation of polymer, polystyrene, Nylon 66, PMMA.

**4. Magnetic and electrical properties** of polymers, magnetic susceptibility and electrical conductivity of coordination and conducting polymers.

## 5. Thermal analysis and degradation of polymers:

- i. TGA: Isothermal and non-isothermal;
- ii. DTA: Glass transition temperature and melting point

## 6. Crystallinity of polymers by density measurement.

## 7. Swelling and solubility parameters of polymers.

## 8. Synthesis of Graft-Polymers and its characterization by density and IR spectra.

## 9. Dielectric behavior of polymers.

## **10. Kinetics of polymerization:**

- a) Polycondensation
- b) Peroxide initiation polymerization.

## List of books:

- 1. Textbook of polymer science: F.W. Billmayer Jr. Wiley.
- 2. Polymer science: V.R. Gowarikar, N. V. Viswanathan and J. Sreedhar, Wiley-Eastern.
- 3. Fractional monomers and polymers: K Takemoto, Y. Inaki, and R.M. Ottam Brite.
- 4. Contemporaty polymer chemistry: H.R. Alcock and F. W. Lambe, Prentice Hall.
- 5. Principles of polymer Chemistry: Flory, Cornell Univ. press.
- 6. Introduction to polymer chemistry: R. B. Seymour, McGraw Hill.
- 7. Principles of polymerization: Odian.

8. A first course in polymer chemistry: A. Strepikheyew, V. Derevistkay and G. Slonimasky, Mir Publishers, Moscow.

9. Laboratory preparation of macro chemistry: EMM effery, McGraw Hill Co.

10. A practical course in polymer chemistry: S. J. Punea , Pergamon Press.

## SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-II Semester III ELECTIVE PAPER MCSS33-M: Paper III (Elective- Medicinal Chemistry) 60 h (4 h per week): 15 h per unit 80 Marks

UNIT-I: Drug Design:

Development of new drugs, factors affecting development of new drugs, sources of lead compounds, serendipity and drug development. Concept of QSAR, QSAR methods and parameters, procedurefollowed in drug design, structure activity relationship (SAR) method, Free and Wilson analysis, Hansch analysis, concept of prodrugs and softdrugs, SOFT DRUGS, isosterism, bioisosterism, drugreceptors, theories of drug action, types of reversible enzyme inhibitors, some special inhibitors anddesign of inhibitors.

## **UNIT-II:**

**A] Pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics:** Indroduction drugs absorption, distribution and disposition of drugs, excretion and elimination, Pharmacokinetics of elimination and

Pharmacokinetics in drug development process. Pharmacodynamics: Introduction, enzyme stimulation, enzyme inhibition, membrane active drugs, drugs metabolism, biotransformation and significance of drug metabolism

**B] Diuretics:** Introduction, mode of action, loop diuretics. Synthesis of Bumetanide, Frusemide,Ethacrynic acid, clorexolone Quinethazone.

**C] Analgesics and Antipyretics:** Introduction, mode of action, evaluation of analgetic agents. Synthesis of: Aspirin, salsalate, phenacetin, phenylbutazone, Indomethacin, Analgin.

#### UNIT-III:

A] Cardiovascular Drugs: Introduction, cardiovascular diseases, Synthesis and uses of cardiovasculardrugs; amyl nitrate, diltiazem, varapamil, methyldopa, atenolol, sorbitrate, quinidine, oxyprenolol

**B] Antineoplastic Agent:** Introduction, mechanism of tumor formation, treatment of cancer, types ofcancer chemotherapy, role of alkylating agents and antimetabolites in treatment of cancer, carcinolytic antibiotics, mitotic inhibitors, harmones, natural products. Synthesis of melphalan ,thiotepa, lomustine

#### **UNIT-IV:**

**A] Psychoactive drugs:** Introduction, neurotransmitters, structure of nerve cell, chemical transmitters, CNS depressants, sedative and hypnotics, Synthesis of Barbiturates, Phenobarbital, thiopental sodium, diazepam, lorazepam, bromazepam, ethosuximide, general anaesthetic: Antianxiety drugs, synthesis of oxazepam, alprazolam, puspirone, antipsychotic drugs and antidepressant drugs, MAO inhibitors, antimanic drugs, synthesis of thiopental sodium, ethiosuxmide, glutethimide, trimethadione, phenytoin.

# 15h

15h

## 15h

**B]** Coagulant and Anticoagulants: Introduction, factors affecting coagulant and anticoagulant.Mechanism of Blood coagulation and Anticoagulation. Structure of Vitamin K1, Vitamin K2 andheparin. Synthesis of Coumarins and indanediones.

## SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-II Semester III ELECTIVE PRACTICAL MCSS36-M: Practical II–Elective (Medicinal Chemistry)

12 h per week Marks-100

- 1. Volumetric estimation of Ibuprofen.
- 2. Estimation of aspirin by volumetric and instrumental methods.
- 3. Analysis of ascorbic acid in biological/tablet sample.
- 4. Determination of paracetamol by colorimetry.
- 5. Analysis of ampicillin trihydrate.
- 6. Determination of vitamin B12 in commercial sample by spectrophotometry.
- 7. Determination of phenobarbitone in given cough syrup.
- 8. Determination of tetracycline in given capsule.
- 9. Determination of iron, calcium and phosphorus from milk or drug sample.
- 10. To perform I.P. monograph of tablet.
- 11. Estimation of chloride in serum and Urine.
- 12. Separation and determination of sulpha drugs in tablets or ointments.

**Preparation of Drugs:** Synthesis, purification and identification of (8-10) of the following drugs.

- 1. Benzocaine from p-nitrobenzoic acid.
- 2. Dapsone from diphenyl sulphone.
- 3. Paracetamol from p-nitro phenol.
- 4. Uracil from sulphanil amide.
- 5. Diphenyl hydantion from benzoin.
- 6. Aluminium asprin from salicylic acid.
- 7. 4,6-diphenyl-thiazine from chalcone.
- 8. 6/8 nitro coumarin from resorcinol.
- 9. Copper aspirin from salicylic acid.
- 10. N-acetyl parabanic acid.
- 11. Nerolin from 2-naphthol
- 12. Phenothiazine from diphenylamine
- 13. Umbelliferon from resorcinol
- 14. Benzylidene from benzaldehyde and aniline
- 15. 1-phenyl-1,2-pentadine-3-one from benzaldehyde
- 16. 1,5 diphenyl-1,3-pentadiene-2-one from benzaldehyde
- 17. 1,3-diphenyl-prop-2-ene-1-one
- 18. 3-methy pyrazol-5-one from ethylacetoacetate
- 19. 6-methyl uracil
- 20. Sulphanilamide from acetanilide

## List of books:

1. Text book of organic medicinal chemistry-Wilson, Geswold

- 2. Medicinal chemistry Vil I and II-Burger
- 3. A textbook of pharmaceitical chemistry-Jayshree Ghosh
- 4. Introduction to medicinal chemistry-A Gringuadge

5. Wilson andGisvold text book of organic medicinal and pharmaceutical chemistry-Ed.Robert F Dorge

6. An introduction to drug design-S S Pandey, and JR Demmock

7. Goodman and Gilmans pharmacological basis of therapeutics- Stragies for organic drug sythesis anddesign-D Lednicer

8. Textbook of Medicinal Chemistry- A. Kar

9. Medicinal Chemistry – D Sriram and P. Yogeeswari

## SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-II Semester III SPECTROSCOPY PAPER MCSS34: Paper IV: Spectroscopy - I 60 h (4 h per week): 15 h per unit 80 Marks

Unit - I: Symmetry properties of molecules and group theory:

Symmetry elements and symmetry operations. Properties of group. Point groups and Schoenfliessymbols. Symmetry operations as a group. Matrix representations of groups. Multiplication table for C2v, C3v and C2h. Reducible and irreducible representations. Similarity transformation. Classes of symmetryoperations. Great Orthogonality Theorem. Derivation of character tables for H2O and NH3 using GreatOrthogonality Theorem. Application of character tables in selection rules of IR, Raman and Electronicspectroscopy.

#### Unit - II:

**A] Mass spectrometry:** Theory, ion production(EI, CI, FD, FAB), ion analysis, ion abundance, isotopic contribution, N-rule, types of fission processes, high resolution mass spectrometry, metastablepeak, molecular ion peak, Mclaffferty rearrangement, mass spectral fragmentation of organiccompounds alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, alcohols, amines, amides, acids, aldehydes, ketones, halides,Structure determination of organic molecules by mass spectrometry, problem based on mass spectraldata

**B] Mössbauer spectroscopy**: Basic principle, experimental techniques, recoil emission and absorption, source, absorber, isomer shift, quadrupole interaction, magnetic hyperfine interaction, applications in determining electronic structure, molecular structure, crystal symmetry, magnetic structure, surface studies, biological applications.

#### Unit - III:

**A] Microwave spectroscopy**: Classification of molecules on the basis of M.I., rigid and non rigidrotor, effect of isotopic substitution on transition frequencies, stark effect, microwave spectrometer, application in deriving: molecular structure, dipole moment, atomic mass and nuclear quadrupolemoment.

**B] ESR spectroscopy**: Introduction, principle of ESR, ESR spectrometer, hyperfine coupling, zerofield splitting, factors affecting g values, Kramer's degeneracy, application of ESR spectra to study freeradicals like hydrogen, methyl radical, 1,4-semibenzoquinone, naphthalene, transition metal complexes, biological systems.

#### Unit IV:

**A] Infrared spectroscopy**: Diatomic molecules: 1) Molecules as harmonic oscillator, Morse potential energy function, vibrational spectrum, fundamental vibrational frequencies. Force constant, zero point energy, isotope effect. The Anharmonic oscillator, the interactions of rotations and vibrations.P,Q,R branches, vibration of polyatomic molecules, selection rules, normal modes of vibration, groupfrequencies, overtone and combination frequencies. Structure determination of organic molecules by IRspectroscopy, problem based on IR spectral data

15h

15h

#### 15h

**B] Raman Spectroscopy**: Rayleigh scattering. Raman Scattering, classical and quantum theories of Raman effect. Rotational Raman Spectra for linear and symmetric top molecules. Vibrational RamanSpectra, rotational fine structure. Selection rules, coherent antiStokes Raman spectroscopy, Structured etermination from Raman and Infra-red spectroscopy.

## List of books

1] Spectroscopic identification of organic compound-RM Silverstein,GC Bassler and TC Morril, JohnWally

- 2] Introduction to NMR spectroscopy-R. J. Abraham, J. Fisher and P Loftus Wiely
- 3] Application of Spectroscopy to Organic Compound-J. R. Dyer, Printice Hall
- 4] Organic Spectroscopy-William Kemp, ELBS with McMillan
- 5] Spectroscopy of Organic Molecule-PS Kalsi, Wiley, Esterna, New Delhi
- 6] Organic Spectroscopy-RT Morrison and RN Boyd
- 7] Practical NMR Spectroscopy-ML Martin, JJ Delpench, and DJ Martyin
- 8] Spectroscopic Methods in Organic Chemistry-DH Willson, I Fleming
- 9] Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy-CN Banwell
- 10] Spectroscopy in Organic Chemistry-CNR Rao and JR Ferraro
- 11] Photoelectron Spectroscopy-Baber and Betteridge
- 12] Electron Spin Resonance Spectroscopy-J Wertz and JR Bolten
- 13] NMR –Basic Principle and Application-H Guntur
- 14] Interpretation of NMR spectra-Roy H Bible
- 15] Interpretation of IR spectra-NB Coulthop
- 16] Electron Spin Resonance Theory and Applications-W gordy
- 17] Mass Spectrometry Organic Chemical Applications, JH Banyon

## SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-II Semester III SEMINAR MCSS37: Seminar-III 2 h /week Marks: 25

Seminar of 30 minutes duration will be a part of internal assessment for 25 marks. Seminarshould be delivered by the student under the guidance of concerned teacher on the topic allotted by theteacher. The topic will be related to the syllabus. Marks will be allotted by a group of teachers.

# SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-II Semester IV INORGANIC CHEMISTRY SPECIALIZATION MCSS41-I: Paper I (Special I-Inorganic Chemistry)

60h (4h/week) 15h/ unit 80 Marks

#### Unit-I

A) Nanoparticals & Nanostructural materials :Introduction, methods of preparation, physicalproperties, and chemical properties. Molecular Precursor routes to inorganic solids:-Introduction,sol-gel chemistry of metal alkoxide, hybrid organic-inorganic compounds. Nanoporous Materials:Introduction, Zeolites & molecular sieves, determination of surface acidity, porous lamellar solids,composition-structure, preparation & applications.

**B)** Solid State Reaction: General principles, reaction rates, reaction mechanism, reaction of solids, factors influencing reactivity, photographic process.

#### Unit-II

A) **Coordination Polymers**: Coordination polymers and their classification. Synthesis and applications of coordination polymers. Use of polymeric ligands in synthesis of coordination polymers. Organosilicon polymers. Synthesis and their uses.

#### B) Characterization of coordination polymers on the basis of:

i) Spectra (UV, Visible, IR and NMR)

ii) Magnetic and thermal (TGA,DTA and DSC) studies

#### Unit-III

**Catalysis**: Basic principles, thermodynamic and kinetic aspects, industrial requirements, classification, theories of catalysis, homogeneous and heterogeneous catalysis .Introduction, types& characteristics of substrate-catalyst interactions, kinetics and energetic aspects of catalysis,selectivity, stereochemistry, orbital symmetry and reactivity. Catalytic reactions of coordination andOrganometallic compounds including polymerization activation of small molecules, addition tomultiple bonds, hydrogenation Zeigler-Natta polymerization of olefins, hydroformylations,oxidations, carbonylations and epoxidation.Name organic reaction involving inorganic compounds: Suzuki Coupling, Heck Reaction, Negishireaction and Sonogirhra reaction

#### **Unit-IV**

A) Optical sensor for metal Ions: Chelates ligand (Multidentates, Ruthenium bipyridyls, calixarenes,Lanthanide ion); Macrocyclic ligands (Flexible Macrocycles, Azamacrocycles, Cryptands,porphyrins); Crown ether and Cryptands( Napthalene and Anthracene crowns, Cryptands,structural features)

B) Thin films and languir-Biodgett films: Preparation technique, evaporation/spultering, chemicalprocesse MOCVD, solgel etc. Languir-Biodgett(LB) film, growth techniques, photolithographyproperties and applications of thin and LB films.

#### 15h

## 15h

15h

## List of books:

- 1. Barsoum ,M.W.,Fundamentals of Ceramics,McGraw Hill ,New Delhi
- 2. Ashcroft ,N.W. and Mermin,N.D.,SolidStaePhysics,Saunders College
- 3. CallisterW.D., Material Science and Engineering, An Introduction, Wiley
- 4. Keer, H.H, Principals of Solid State, Wiley Eastern
- 5. Anderson J.C., LeverK.D., Alexander J.M and Rawlings, R.D., ELBS
- 6. GrayG.W.Ed.Thermotropic Liquid Crystals, John Wiley
- 7. Kelkar and Hatz Handbook of Liquid Crystals, ChemieVerlag.
- 8. Kalbunde K.I., Nanoscale Materials in Chemistry, JohnWiley, NY.

9. Shull R.D., McMichael R.D. and SwartzendrubL.J., Studies of Magnetic Properties of Fine particles and their relevance to Mataerials Science, Elsevier Pub. Amsterdam

10. Optoelectronic Properties of Inorganic Compounds, D. Max Roundhill and John P. Fakler, Jr. Plenum

## SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-II Semester IV INORGANIC CHEMISTRY SPECIALIZATION MCSS42-I: Paper II (Special II-Inorganic Chemistry) 60h (4h/week) 15h/ unit 80 Marks

#### Unit-I

**A) Basics of Photochemistry**: Absorption, excitation, photochemical laws, quantum yield, electronically excited states-life times-measurements of the times. Flash photolysis, stopped flowtechniques, Energy dissipation by radiative and no-radiative processes, absorption spectra Frank-Condon principles; photochemical stages-primary & secondary processes.

**B) Properties of excited states**: Photochemical kinetics, Calculation of rates of radiative processes.

C) Excited States of Metal Complexes: Electronically excited states of metal complexes, chargetransfer spectra, charge transfer excitations, metods for obtaining charge transfer spectra.

#### Unit-II

A] Photophysical and photochemical properties of Gold(I) complexes: Introduction, Binuclear andtrinuclear complexes, Mixed metal Systems, Photochemical reactivity, Solid state studies, Mononuclear Gold(I) complexes, Mononuclear three coordinate Gold(I) complexess

**B)** Redox reactions by Excited Metal Complexes: Energy transfer under conditions of weakinteraction & strong interaction – exciplex formation, conditions of excited states to be useful asredox reactants, excited electron transfer, metal complexes as attractive candidates (2,2-bipyridine& 1,10-Phenanthroline complexes.), illustration of reducing and oxidizing character of ruthenium(II); role of spin-orbit coupling, lie time of these processes. Application of redox processes ofelectronically excited states for catalytic purposes, transformation of low energy reactants in tohighenergy products, chemical energy in to light.

#### **Unit-III**

**Organotransition Metal Chemistry**: Alkyls and Aryls of Transition Metals: Types, routes of synthesis, stability & decomposition pathways of alkyls & aryls of transition metals. Organocopperin Organic synthesis. Compounds of Transition Metal –Carbon Multiple bonds: Alkylidenes, alkylidynes, low valent carbenes & carbynes–synthesis, nature of bond, structural characteristics, nucleophilic & electrophilic reactions on ligands, role inorganic synthesis.

#### Unit-IV

**Transition Metal Pi Complexes**-Carbon multiple bonds. Nature of bonding, structural characteristics & synthesis, properties of transition metal pi- Complexes with unsaturated organicmolecules, alkenes alkynes, allyl, diene, dienyl, arene & trienyl complexes. Application of transitionmetal, organometallic intermediates in oraganic synthesis relating to nucleophilic & electrophilicattack on ligands, role in organic synthesis

## 15h

15h

#### 15h

## List of books:

- 1. ElschenbroichCh.andSalzer A.: Organometallics, VCH, Weinheim, NY.
- 2. BalzaniVandCavassitiV.:Photochemistry of Coordination compounds,AP,London
- 3. Purcell K.F.andKotzJ.C., An Introduction to Inorganic Chemistry, HoltSounder, Japan.
- 4. RohtagiK.K.andMukharjee,Fundamentals of Photochemistry,Wiley eastern
- 5. CalvertsJ.G.and Pits.J.N., Fundamental of Photochemistry, John Wiley
- 6. Wells, Inorganic Solid State Chemistry, Oxford University, Vth , Edition
- 7. Paulson, Organometallic Chemistry, Arnold
- 8. Rochow, Organometallic Chemistry, Reinhold
- 9. Zeiss, Organometallic Chemistry, Reinhold
- 10. Gilbert A.andBaggott, J, Essential of Molecular Photochemistry, BlackwellSci.Pub.
- 11. TurroN.J.and Benjamin W.A., Molecular Photochemistry
- 12. CoxAandCamp, T.P. IntroductoryPhotochemistry, McGraw-Hill
- 13. KundallR.P.andGilbertA,Photochemistry, Thomson Nelson Coxon J and HaltonB.,Organic
- Photochemistry, Cambridge University Press.
- 14. Optoelectronic Properties of Inorganic Compounds, D. Max Roundhill and John P. Fakler, Jr. Plenum

## SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-II Semester IV INORGANIC CHEMISTRY PRACTICAL MCSS45-I: Practical I– Inorganic Chemistry Special 12 h /week Marks: 100

**A** Preparation and characterization of following complexes/organometallic compound including theirstructural elucidation by the available physical methods.(element analysis molecular weightdetermination, conductance and magnetic measurement and special studies)

1 Preparation of mercury tetrathiocyanotocobaltate(II)

2 Preparation of Iron (II) oxalate & potassium trioxalatoferrate (III) trihydrate

3 Preparation of cis & trans potassium dioxalatodiaquochromate (III)

4 Preparation of hexa-aminecobalt(III) chloride

5 Preparation of hexa-aminenickel(II) chloride

6 Preparation of tris (acetylacetonato ) manganese (III)

7 Preparation of N-N bis (salicyldehyde ) ethylene diaminonato nickel (II)

8 Preparation of trinitrotriaminocobalt(III)

9 Preparation of chloropentammine cobalt (III) chloride

10 Preparation of potassium trioxalatochromate (III)

11 To prepare copper (II) acetylacetonate complex

12 To prepare cis and trans bis (glycinato) Cu II monohydrate complex

13 To prepare dipyridineiodine (I) nitrate

14 Preparation of ammonium nickel(II) sulphate

#### **B SOLID STATE**

1 Preparation of oxides and mixed oxides ( $MnO_2$ , NiO,  $Cu_2O_4$ ,  $ZnFe_2O_4$ ,  $ZnMn_2O_4$ ,  $CuMnO_4$  and NiFe\_2O)

2 Preparation of silica and alumina by sol -gel technique

3 To study the electrical conductivity of ferrites, magnetite's, doped oxides and pure samples and determine band gap

# C SEPARTION AND QUANTITATIVE ESTIMATION OF BINARY AND TERNARY MIXTURE BY THE

#### **USE OF FOLLOWING TECHNIQUES:**

- 1 Paper and thin layer chromatography
- 2 Ion exchange

3 Solvent extraction

#### D INORGANIC PHOTOCHEMISTRY

- 1. Synthesis of potassium ferrioxalate and determination of intensity of radiation
- 2. Photo oxidation of oxalic acid by UO<sup>2+</sup> sensitization
- 3. Photo decomposition of HI and determination of its quantum yield

#### List of books:

1. Practical Inorganic Chemistry - Pass

- 2. Practical Inorganic Chemistry Marr & Rocket
- 3. Basic Concept Of Analytical Chemistry Khopkar S. M.
- 4. Synthesis And Characterisation Of Inorganic Compounds W. L. Jolly, Prentice Hall
- 5. Inorganic Experiments J. Derck Woollins, Vch.
- 6. Practical Inorganic Chemistry G. Marrand, B.W. Rockett, Van Nostrand
- 7. A Text Book Of Quantitative Inorganic Analysis A.I. Vogel, Longoman.
- 8. Edta Titration F. Laschka
- 9. Instrumental Methods Of Analysis Willard, Merit And Dean (Cbs, Delhi)
- 10. Inorganic Synthesis Jolly
- 11. Instrumental Methods Of Chemical Analysis Yelri Lalikov

12. Fundamental Of Analytical Chemistry- Skoog D .A. And West D. M. Holt Rinehart And Winston Inc.

- 13. Experimental Inorganic Chemistry7 W.G. Palmer, Cambridge
- 14. Solid Stst Chemistry N.B. Hanney

15. Introduction To Thermal Analysis , Techniques And Applications – M. E. Brown, Springer

16. Preparation And Properties Of Solid State Materials – Wilcox, Vol I&Ii, Dekker

17. The Structure And Properties Of Materials - Vol Iv, John Wulff, Wiley Eastern

## SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-II Semester IV ORGANIC CHEMISTRY SPECIALIZATION MCSS41-O: Paper I (Special I-Organic Chemistry) 60h (4h/week) 15h/ unit 80 Marks

#### Unit I:

#### **A]** Carbanions in organic Chemistry

Ionization of carbon hydrogen bond and prototopy, Base and acid catalysed halogenation of ketones, keto-enol equilibria, structure and rate in enolisation, concerted and carbanion mechanismfor tautomerism, geometry of carbanions, kinetic and thermodynamic control in the generation of enolates, LDA, hydrolysis of haloforms, use of malonic and acetoacetic esters, Aldol, Mannich, Cannizzaro, Darzens, Dieckmann, Claisen Baylis-Hillman reactions, Knoevenagel, benzoincondensation, Julia olefination, alkylation of enolates and stereochemistry thereof, Conjugateadditions, enamines in organic synthesis**B**] **Organometallic reagents -I** 

Synthesis and applications of organo Li and Mg reagents, nucleophilic addition to aldehyde, ketones, ester, epoxide, CO2, CS2, isocyanates, ketenes, imines, amides, lactones, Stereochemistry of Grignardaddition to carbonyl compounds, *o*-metallation of arenes using organolithium compounds.

#### Unit II:

**A] Organometallic reagents-II:** Organozinc reagents: Preparation and applications, Reformatskyreaction, Simon-Smith reaction.

Organocopper reagents: Preparation and applications in C-C bond forming reaction, mixed oragnocuprates, Gilman's reagent. Organo Hg and Cd reagents in organic synthesis.

**B]** Transition metals in organic synthesis: Transition metal complexes in organic synthesis- Introduction-oxidation states of transition metals, 16-18 rule, dissociation, association, insertion, oxidative addition, reductive elimination of transition metal Organopalladium in organic synthesis-Heck reaction, carbonylation, Wacker oxidation, coupling reactions: Kumada Reaction, Stille coupling, Sonogashira, Negishi and Suzuki coupling reactions andtheir importanceApplications of Co2(CO)8, Ni(CO)4, Fe(CO)5 in organic synthesis. Wilkinson catalyst of Rutheniumand Rhodium – synthesis and uses its use in hydrogenation reactions-deallylation, C-C, C-O, C-Nbond cleavages. Olefin metathesis by Istand IIndgeneration catalyst, reaction mechanism andapplication in the synthesis of homo and heterocyclic compounds

#### Unit III:

#### 15h

A] Advanced Stereochemistry: Conformation of sugars, monosaccharides, disaccharides, mutorotation, Recapitulation of Stereochemical concepts- enantiomers, diastereomers, homotopicand heterotopic ligands, Chemo-, regio-, diastereo- and enantio-controlled approaches; Chiralitytransfer, Stereoselective addition of nucleophiles to carbonyl group: Re-Si face concepts, Cram'srule, Felkin Anh rule, Houk model, Cram's chelate model.

#### 15h

Asymmetric synthesis use of chiralauxiliaries, asymmetric hydrogenation, asymmetric epoxidation and asymmetric dihydroxylation,

**B] Protection and Deprotection of functional groups:** Protection and deprotection of functional groups like, hydroxyl, amino, carbonyl and carboxylic acids groups, Solid phase peptide synthesis.

#### Unit IV: Designing the synthesis based on retrosynthetic analysis

15h

**A) Disconnection Approach:** An introduction to synthons and synthetic equivalents, disconnectionapproach, functional group inter-conversions, the importance of the order of events in organicsynthesis, one group C-X and two group C-X disconnections, chemoselectivity, reversal of polarity, cyclisation reactions, amine synthesis

**B)** One Group C-C Disconnections: Alcohols and carbonyl compounds, regioselectivity, alkenesynthesis, use of acetylenes and aliphatic nitro compounds in organic synthesis

C) Two Group C-C Disconnections: Diels-Alder reaction, 1,3-difunctionalised compounds,  $\alpha$ , $\beta$ -unsaturated carbonyl compounds, control in carbonyl condensations, 1,5-difunctionalised compounds, Michael addition and Robinson annelation, Methods of ring synthesis, Linear and convergent synthesis

## List of books

1] Principle of Organic Synthesis R. O. C. Norman and J. M. Coxon

- 2] Modern Synthetic Reaction. H. O. House and W. A. Benjamin
- 3] Organic Synthesis: The Disconnection Approach-S. Warren
- 4] Designing Organic Synthesis-S. Warren
- 5] Some Modern Methods of Organic Synthesis-W. Carruthers
- 6] Advance Organic Reaction. Mechanism and Structure-Jerry March
- 7] Advance Organic Chemistry Part-B-F. A. Caray and R. J. Sundberg Plenum Press
- 8] Organic Reaction and their Mechanism-P. S. Kalsi
- 9] Protective Groups in Organic Synthesis-T. W. Greene
- 10] The Chemistry of Organo Phosphorous-A. J. Kirbi and S. G. Warren
- 11] Organo Silicon Compound-C. Eabon
- 12] Organic Synthesis via Boranes-H. C. Brown
- 13] Organo Borane Chemistry-T. P. Onak
- 14] Organic Chemistry of Boron-W. Gerrard

# SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-II Semester IV ORGANIC CHEMISTRY SPECIALIZATION MCSS42-O: Paper II (Special II-Organic Chemistry)

60h (4h/week) 15h/ unit 80 Marks

#### Unit I: Enzyme chemistry

**A] Enzymes:** Introduction, chemical and biological catalysis, remarkable properties of enzymes likecatalytic power, specificity and regulation. Cofactors as derived from vitamins, coenzymes, prosthetic groups, apoenzymes. Nomenclature and classification, Fischer's lock and key andKoshland's induced fit hypothesis, concept and identification of active site by the use of inhibitors, affinity labeling and enzyme modification by site-directed mutagenesis. Baker's yeast catalyzed reactions

**B]** Mechanism of Enzyme Action: Transition-state theory, orientation and steric effect, acid-basecatalysis, covalent catalysis, strain or distortion. Enzyme mechanisms for chymotrypsin,ribonuclease, lysozyme and carboxypeptidase A.

**C]** Co-Enzyme Chemistry: Structure and biological functions of coenzyme A, thiamine pyrophosphate, pyridoxal phosphate, NAD+, NADP+, FMN, FAD, lipoic acid, biotin as CO<sub>2</sub> carrier. Mechanisms of reactions catalyzed by the above cofactors.

#### **Unit II: Heterocycles**

**A] Azoles:** Structural and chemical properties; Synthesis of pyrazole, isothiazole and isoxazole; Synthesis of imidazoles, thiazoles and oxazoles; Nucleophilic and electrophilic substitutions; Ringcleavages, Carbonyldiimidazole as coupling agent

**B]** Benzofused heterocycles: Synthesis of indole, benzofuran and benzo-thiophene, quinoline andisoquinoline Nucleophilic, electrophilic and radical substitutions; Addition reactions; Indole rings in

biology.

**C] Diazines:** Structural and chemical properties; Synthesis of pyridazines, pyrimidines, pyrazines; Nucleophilic and electrophilic substitutions.

**D]** Synthesis of following bioactive compounds: Vitamin B6, Ondansetron, Serotonin, Indometacin, Cyanamid, fentiazac, trimethoprim, papaverine

#### Unit III:

**A]** Nucleic Acids: Primary, secondary and tertiary structure of DNA; DNA replication and heredity;Structure and function of mRNA, tRNA and rRNA. Purines and pyrimidine bases of nucleic acids and their preparation.

**B] Lipids:** Fatty acids, essential fatty acids, structures and functions of triglycerols, glycerophospholipids, spingolipids, lipoproteins, composition and function, role in atherosclerosisProperties of lipid aggregates, micells, bilayers, liposomes and their biological functions, biologicalmembranes, fluid mosaic model of membrane structure, Lipid metabolism,  $\beta$ -Oxidation of fattyacids

C] Vitamins: Structure determination, and synthesis of vitamin A, E and H.

#### Institute of Science, Nagpur - Syllabus for M. Sc. Chemistry.

# 15h

15h

#### Unit IV:

**A] Dyes:** General Introduction, classification on the basis of structure and methos of application dyingmechanism, methods of dying, such as direct dying, vat dying, dispersive dying, formation of dye infibre, dying with reactive dyes, study of quinoline yellow, cyamine dye, ethyl red, methylene blue,Alizarin, cyamine-green, fluorescein, cosin, erythrosine, Rhodomines and Indigo.

#### **B] Pharmaceutical chemistry:**

History, medical terms in pharmaceutical chemistry, classification of drugs, antibacterial and antifungal drugs, specific clinical applications, Synthesis and applications of: Benzocaine, Methyldopa, dilantin, ciprofloxacin, acyclovir, terfenadine, salbutamol

**C] Polymer chemistry:** Importance of polymers, Basic concepts: monomers, repeat units, degree ofpolymerization. Linear, branched and network polymers. Classification of polymers. Polymerization: condensation, addition, radical chain-ionic and co-ordination and copolymerizationand their mechanisms, Polymerization in homogeneous and heterogeneous systems. Ziegler-Natta polymerization with mechanism, Stereo regulated polymers, syndiotactic, isotactic and atactic polymers

#### List of books

1] Textbook of Polymer Science, F. W. Billmeyer Jr, Wiley

2] Polymer Science, V. R. Gowarikar, N. V. Viswanathan and J. Sreedhar, Wiley-Eastern

3] Functional Monomers and Polymers, K. Takemoto, Y. Inaki and R. M. Ottanbrite

4] Bioorganic Chemistry: A Chemical Approach to Enzyme Action, Hermann Dugas and C. Penny, Springer-Verlag

5] Understanding Enzymes, Trevor Palmer, Prentice Hall

6] Enzyme Chemistry: Impact and Applications, Ed. Collin J. Suckling, Chapman and Hall

7] Enzyme Structure and Mechanism, A. Fersht, W. H. Freeman

8] Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry, A. Gringuage, Wiley-VCH

9] Wilson and Gisvold's Text Book of Organic Medical and Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Ed Robert F.Dorge

10] Burger's Medicinal Chemistry and Drug Discovery, Vol-1, Ed. M. E. Wolff, John Wiley

11] Strategies for Organic Drug Synthesis and Design, D. Lednicer, John Wiley

12] The Organic Chemistry of Drug Design and Drug Action, R. B. Silverman, Academic Press

### SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-II Semester III ORGANIC CHEMISTRY PRACTICAL MCSS45-O: Practical I–Organic Chemistry Special 12 h /week Marks: 100

A] Quantitative Analysis based on classical and instrumental technique (any 9-10)

- 1] Estimation of nitrogen.
- 2] Estimation of halogen.
- 3] Estimation of sulphur.

#### Spectrophotometric/calorimetric and other instrumental methods of estimation

- 1] Estimation of streptomycin sulphate.
- 2] Estimation of vitamin B-12.
- 3] Estimation of amino acids.
- 4] Estimation of proteins.
- 5] Estimation of carbohydrates.
- 6] Estimation of Ascorbic acid.
- 7] Estimation of Aspirin.

8] Solvent extraction of oil from oil seeds and determination of saponification value, iodine value of the same oil.

#### **B]** Organic multi-step preparations (Two/Three steps): Minimum 10-12 preparations

[1] Aniline $\rightarrow$  Diaminoazobenzene  $\rightarrow$ p-aminoazobenzene

[2] Benzoin  $\rightarrow$ Benzyl  $\rightarrow$ Dibenzyl

[3] Aniline  $\rightarrow$  acetanilide  $\rightarrow$  *p*-bromoacetanilide  $\rightarrow$  *p*-bromoaniline

[4] Aniline  $\rightarrow$  Acetanilide  $\rightarrow$  *p*-nitroacetanilide  $\rightarrow$  *p*-nitroaniline

[5] Benzaldehyde (thiamine hydrochloride)  $\rightarrow$  benzoin  $\rightarrow$  benzili  $\rightarrow$  benzilic acid

[6] *p*-Nitrotoluene  $\rightarrow$  *p*-nitrobenzoic acid  $\rightarrow$  PABA  $\rightarrow$  *p*-iodobenzoic acid

[7] *p*-Cresol  $\rightarrow$  *p*-cresylacetate  $\rightarrow$  2-hydroxy-5-methyl acetophenone  $\rightarrow$  2-hydroxy chalcone

[8] Benzaldehyde  $\rightarrow$  benzilidene acetophenone  $\rightarrow$  4,5-dihydro-1,3,5-triphenyl-1*H*-pyrazole

[9] Aniline  $\rightarrow$  phenylthiocarbamide  $\rightarrow$  2-aminobenzthiazole (Microwave in step I)

[10] Chlorobenzene  $\rightarrow$  2,4- Dinitrochlorobenzene  $\rightarrow$  2,4- Dinitrophenylhydrazine.

[11] Acetophenone  $\rightarrow$  acetophenone phenyl hydrazone  $\rightarrow$  2-phenylindole

[12] Benzion  $\rightarrow$  benzoin benzoate  $\rightarrow$  2,4,5-triphenyl oxazole

- [13] Benzophenone  $\rightarrow$  benzpinacol  $\rightarrow$  benzopinacolone (Photochemical preparation)
- [14] Benzophenone  $\rightarrow$ Benzophenone oxime  $\rightarrow$ Benzanilide  $\rightarrow$ Benzoic acid + aniline
- [15] Aniline  $\rightarrow$  aniline hydrogen sulphate  $\rightarrow$  sulphanilic acid  $\rightarrow$  Orange II
- [16] Aniline  $\rightarrow$  N-arylglycine  $\rightarrow$  indoxyl  $\rightarrow$  indigo
- [17] Phthalimide  $\rightarrow$  Anthranilic acid  $\rightarrow$  Phenyl glycine-o-carboxylic acid  $\rightarrow$  Indigo
- [18] Phalic anhydride  $\rightarrow$  Phthalimide  $\rightarrow$  Anthranilic acid  $\rightarrow$ o-chlorobenzoic acid
- [19] Phalic anhydride  $\rightarrow$  Phthalimide  $\rightarrow$  Anthranilic acid  $\rightarrow$  Diphenic acid

[20] Ethyl acetoacetate  $\rightarrow$ 3-methyl-pyrazol-5-one  $\rightarrow$ 4,4-dibromo-3-methyl-pyrazol-5-one Butanoicacid

[21] Biosynthesis of ethanol from sucrose

[22] Enzyme catalyzed reactions

#### [C] SPECTRAL INTERPRETATION

Structure Elucidation of organic compounds on the basis of spectral data (UV, IR, 1H and 13CNMR

and Mass) (Minimum 12 compounds are to be analysed during regular practicals).

### SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-II Semester IV PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY SPECIALIZATION MCSS41-P: Paper I (Special I-Physical Chemistry) 60h (4h/week) 15h/ unit 80 Marks

#### **UNIT-I CHEMICAL DYNAMICS - II**

**A**] Overview of Arrhenius rate law, Non-conventional equilibrium between reactants and activated complexes. Potential energy surfaces and reaction coordinate. Derivation of transition state theory based equation for rate constant of bimolecular reaction. Prediction of rate constant using partition function and comparison with that given by collision theory. Arrhenius equation and activated complex theory. Transmission coefficient, quantum mechanical tunneling,

**B**] Reactions in solution: Cage effect, diffusion controlled reactions, volume of activation its determination and correspondence with entropy of activation, Ionic reactions: Primary (Ionic strength) and Secondary salt effect and their nature.

#### UNIT II CORROSION AND CORROSION ANALYSIS

A] Scope and economics of corrosion, causes (Change in Gibbs free energy), Electrochemical Series andGalvanic series, dry (atmospheric) and wet (electrochemical) corrosion, other types of corrosion-Pit, Soil, chemical and electrochemical, inter-granular, waterline, microbial corrosion, measurementof corrosion by different methods, factors affecting corrosion, passivity, galvanic series, protectionagainst corrosion, design and material selection.
B] Thermodynamics of corrosion, corrosion measurements (Weight loss, OCP measurements, polarization methods), passivity and its breakdown, corrosion prevention (electrochemical inhibitor and coating methods).

#### **UNIT – III: RADIATION CHEMISTRY**

A] -rays. Linear energy transfer,

Bathe's equation for linear energy transfer, Bresstrahlung effect, Passage of neutron through matter, Interaction of □-radiation with matter, photoelectric effect and Compton effect, pair production phenomena, units of measuring radiation absorption, Radiolysis of water, Radiolysis ofsome aqueous solutions. Effect of radiation on biological substances, genetic effects, Radiation effects on organic compounds and Polymers.

#### UNIT IV: ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL PROPERTIES OF SOLIDS 15h

**A**] Classical free electron theory, electrical conductivity, thermal conductivity, Wiedemann-Franz Law,Lorenz number, Electronic distribution in solids using Fermi Dirac Statistics, The Fermi Distributionfunction and effect of temperature, Quantum theory of free electrons, periodic potential, TheKronig-Penney Model, Brillouin Zones, Distinction between metals, insulators and intrinsicsemiconductors based on above theory.

**B**] Thermal Properties: Specific heat of solids, Classical theory, Einstein's theory of heat capacities, Debye theory of heat capacities or Debye T-cubed law

15h

15h

#### **Books Suggested:**

1. G.M.Panchenkov and V.P.Labadev, "Chemical Kinetics and catalysis", MIR Publishing

2. E.A. Moelwyn- Hughes, " Chemical Kinetics and Kinetics of Solutions", Academic

3. K.J.Laidler, Chemical Kinetics, Third Edition (1987), Harper and Row, New York

4. J.Raja Ram and J.C.Kuriacose, Kinetics and Mechanism of Chemical Transformations MacMilllan

Indian Ltd., New Delhi (1993)

5. C. H. Bamford and C. F. H. Tipper, Comprehensive Chemical Kinetics, Vol 1., Elsevier Publications, New York, 1969.

6. C. H. Bamford and C. F. H. Tipper, Comprehensive Chemical Kinetics, Vol 2., Elsevier Publications, New York, 1969.

7. S. Glasstone, K. J. Laidler and H. Eyring, The Theory of Rate Processes, Mc-Graw Hill, New York, 1941.

8. Santosh Kumar Upadhyay, Chemical Kinetics and Reaction Dynamics, Springer 2006.

9. D. Mcquarie and J. Simon, Physical Chemistry – A Molecular Approach, University Press, 2000

10. G. M. Barrow, Physical Chemistry, Tata Mc-Graw Hill, V edition 2003.

11. H. K. Moudgil, Text Book of Physical Chemistry, Pretice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2010.

12. S. O. Pillai, Solid State Physics, New Age International, New Delhi, 2102.

- 13. C.Kittel, "Introduction to solid state Physics", Wiley
- 14. L.V.Azaroff, "Introduction to solids", McGraw Hill
- 15. Santosh Kumar Upadhyay, Chemical Kinetics and Reaction Dynamics, Springer 2006.
- 16. N. B. Hanny, Treaties in Solid State Chemistry, 4th Edn,
- 17. N. B. Hanny, "Solid State Chemistry"

18. M. C. Day and J Selbin, Theoretical Inorganic Chemistry, Reinhold Pub. Corp., New York,

19. C.N.Rao. Nuclear Chemistry

20. B. G. Harvey, Introduction to Nuclear Physics and Chemistry, Prentice Hall, Inc. (1969).

21. H.J. Arnikar, *Essentials of Nuclear Chemistry*, 4th Edition (1995), Wiely-Eastern Ltd., New Delhi.

22. W. Loveland, D. Morrissey and G. Seaborg, Modern Nuclear Chemistry, Wiley-Interscience, 2006.

23. P. P. Milella, Fatigue and Corrosion in Metals, Springer, 2013.

24. Corrosion- Understanding the Basics, asminternational.org, 2000.

25. H. H. Uhlig, Corrosion and Corrsion Control – 3rd edn, John Wiley & sons, New York.

26. J. W. T. Spinks and R. J. Woods, An Introduction to Radiation Chemistry, John Wiley and sons., NewYoek, 1975.

27. K. L. Kapoor, Text Book of Physical Chemistry, Vol – I to Vol-VI, 2011.

#### SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-II Semester IV PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY SPECIALIZATION MCSS42-P: Paper II (Special II-Physical Chemistry) 60h (4h/week) 15h/ unit 80 Marks

#### UNIT I: SOLID STATE AND THEIR MAGNETIC PROPERTIES 15h

**A**] Solid State Chemistry: Metals, Insulators and Semiconductors, Electronic structure of solids—bandtheory. Band structure of metals, Insulators and Semiconductors, Intrinsic and Extrinsic Semiconductors, p-n junction, energy band formation, forward bias and reversed bias p-n junction, their applications, Superconductors— types, Meissner effect, BCS theory, Low TemperatureSuperconductor (LTSC) and High Temperature Superconductor (HTSC), Conventional and organicSuperconductors, their applications.

**B**] Magnetic Properties: Behaviour of substances in magnetic field, effect of temperature, Curie andCurie-weiss law, calculation of magnetic moments, magnetic materials, their structure and properties, Applications, structure/ property relations, numericals.

15h

15h

15h

#### **UNIT II: ELECTRICAL PROPERTIES OF MOLECULES**

Dipole moments of molecules, basic ideas of electrostatic interactions, polarizability, orientation polarization, Debye equations, limitation of the Debye theory, Clausius-Mossotti equation.electrostatic of dielectric medium, molecular basis of dielectric behavior, structural informationfrom dipole moment measurements, use of individual bond dipole moments, application to disubstituted benzene derivatives, dipole moment and ionic character of a molecule, determinationof dipole moment from dielectric measurements in pure liquids and in solutions. The energies due dipole-dipole, dipole induced dipole and induced dipole-induced dipole interaction. Dispersion, dielectric loss and refractive index. Lennard-Jones potential.

#### **Unit III: LIQUID STATE AND INTERFACES**

**A] Theory of liquids**: - Theory of liquids, partition function method or model approach, single cellmodels, communal energy and entropy, significant structure model.

**B] Liquid gas and liquid interfaces**: Surface tension, methods of determination of surface tension, surface tension across curved surfaces, vapor pressure of droplet (Kelvin equation), surfacespreading, spreading coefficient, cohesion and adhesion energy, contact angle, constant anglehystereis, wetting and detergency.

#### Unit IV: IONIC LIQUIDS AND BATTERY TECHNOLOGY

**A] Supercooled and ionic liquids**: Supercooled and ionic liquids, theories of transport properties, non Arrhenius behavior of transport properties, Cohen-Turnbull free volume model, configurationalentropy model, Macedo- litovitz model, glass transition in supercooled liquids.

**B]** Battery Technology: basic concept, classification of batteries, primary, secondary and reservebatteries, Construction, working and application of Acid Storage batteries, Lithium -

 $MnO_2$  batteries, Nickel- Metal hydride batteries, Fuel Cells, Construction and working of  $H_2O_2$  and methanol- $O_2$  Cell.

#### List of books

1. S. O. Pillai, Solid State Physics, New Age International, New Delhi, 2102.

2. D. Mcquarie and J. Simon, Physical Chemistry – A Molecular Approach, University Press, 2000

- 3. G. M. Barrow, Physical Chemistry, Tata Mc-Graw Hill, V edition 2003.
- 4. H. K. Moudgil, Text Book of Physical Chemistry, Pretice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2010.
- 5. M. C. Day and J Selbin, Theoretical Inorganic Chemistry, Reinhold Pub. Corp., New York,
- 6. A. Kokorin, Ionic Liquids: Theory, Properties and New Approaches, Intech, Croatia, 2011.
- 7. Gholam-Abbas Nazri, Gianfranco Pistoia, Lithum Batteries-Science and Technology, Springer, 2003.

8. N. H. March and M. P. Tosi, Introduction to Liquid State Physics, World Scientific, London, 2002.

- 9. George Kackson, Liquid State Theory,
- 10. C. Kittel, "Introduction to solid state Physics", Wiley
- 11. L. V. Azaroff, "Introduction to solids", McGraw Hill
- 12. Santosh Kumar Upadhyay, Chemical Kinetics and Reaction Dynamics, Springer 2006.
- 13. N. B. Hanny, Treaties in Solid State Chemistry, 4th Edn,
- 14. N. B. Hanny, Solids,

15. H. Y. Erbil, Surface Chemistry of Solid and Liquid Interfaces, Blackwell Publishing, 2013.

16. N. B. Hanny, "Solid State Chemistry"

### SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-II Semester III PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY PRACTICAL MCSS45-P: Practical I– Physical Chemistry Special 12 h /week Marks: 100

#### Adsorption:

1. To verify Freundlich adsorption isotherm.

2. To verify Langmuir adsorption isotherm.

3. To verify Gibbs adsorption isotherm and to find surface excess concentration of solute.

4. Study of variation of surface tension of solution of n-propyl alcohol with concentration and hence determine the limiting cross section area of alcohol molecule.

#### Kinetics:

5. Clock reaction- activation energy of bromide-bromate reaction.

6. Temp dependence of persulfate-iodide reaction by iodine clock method and calculation of thermodynamic and Arrhenius activation parameters. Study of ionic strength effect on persulfate iodide reaction.

7. Kinetics of B-Z reaction; Kinetics of modified B-Z reaction

8. Investigate the Autocatalytic reaction between potassium permanganate and oxalic acid.

9. Determination of pKa value of a weak acid by chemical kinetic method (formate-iodine reaction)

#### **Potentiometry:**

10. Transport number by potentiometry.

11. To determine degree of hydrolysis of aniline hydrochloride and hence to determine the hydrolysis constant of salt by potentiometry method.

12. To determine pK of weak acids, succinic acid, acetic acid, Malonic acids, (dibasic acids).

13. Complexation between Hg2+and I- conductometrically.

#### **Conductometry:**

14. To determine degree of hydrolysis of aniline hydrochloride and hence to determine the hydrolysis constant of salt by conductometric method.

15. To determine pK of weak acids, succinic acid, acetic acid, Malonic acids, (dibasic acids).

16. Complexation between Hg2+and I- conductometrically.

17. To determine solubility product of lead chromate.

18. Kinetic study of saponification ethyl acetate by conductometry.

#### Spectrophotometry:

19. To determine the stability constant of reaction between Ferric ion solution and SCN- ion solution byJob's method.

20. To determine the stability constant between Fe3+ and SCN- ion solution by Ostwald & Frank method.

#### **Transport Number:**

21. To determine transport number by Hittorff's method

22. To determine the transport number by moving boundary method

#### List of Books

- 1. Vogel A, 3rd Edition : A Textbook Of Quantitative Inorganic Analysis, Longman
- 2. Das and Behra, Practical Physical Chemistry

3. Carl W. Garland, Joseph W. Nibler and David P. Shoemaker, Experiments in Physical Chemistry, Mc-

Graw Hill, 8th Edition, 2009.

- 4. Farrington Daniels, Joseph Howard Mathews, John Warren Williams, Paul Bender, Robert
- A. Alberty, Experimental Physical Chemistry, Mc-Graw Hill, Fifth Edition, 1956.

5. John W. Shriver and Michael George, Experimental Physical Chemistry, Lab Manual and Data

- Analysis, The University of Alabama in Huntsville, Fall 2006
- 6. Day And Underwood : Quantitative Analysis
- 7. Merits And Thomas: Advanced Analytical Chemistry
- 8. Ewing, G. W. : Instrumental Methods Of Chemical Analysis, Mcgraw-Hill
- 9. Drago, R.S: Physical Methoods In Inorganic Chemistry
- 10. Christain G.D: Analytical Chemistry
- 11. Khopkar S.M.:Basic Concept Of Analytical Chemistry
- 12. Koltath And Ligane:Polorography
- 13. Braun:Instrumental Methods Of Chemical Analysis
- 14. Willard, Merritt And Dean: Instrumental Methods Of Chemical Analysis ,Van Nostrand
- 15. Strouts, Crifi; Llan And Wisin: Analytiacl Chemistry
- 16. Skoog S.A. And West D. W.:Fundamental Of Analytical Chemistry
- 17. Dilts R.V.: Analytiacl Chemistry
- 18. Jahgirdar D.V :Experiments In Chemistry
- 19. Chondhekar T.K: Systematic Experiments In Physical Chemistry, Rajbog S.W., Aniali Pubn.
- 20. Wlehov G. J: Standard Methods Of Chemicalanalysis 6th Ed

21. Ramesh Rand Anbu M, Chemical Methods For Environmental Analysis : Watewr And Sedient, Macmillion India

#### **SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY** M.Sc.-II Semester IV ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY SPECIALIZATION MCSS41-A: Paper I (Special I-Analytical Chemistry) 60h (4h/week) 15h/ unit 80 Marks

**Unit-I: Radioanalytical Chemistry-II** 

Preparation of some commonly used radioisotopes (22Na, 60Co, 131I, 65Zn, 32P), Use of radioactive isotopes in analytical and physico-chemical problems, Industrial applications, Neutron sources, Neutron Activation Analysis, Isotope Dilution Analysis, Radiometric titrations (Principle,Instrumentation, applications, merits and demerits), Radiochromatography, Carbon dating, Numericals based on above.

#### Unit-II: Optical methods of analysis-IV

Inductively coupled plasma-atomic emission spectroscopy: Principle, atomization and excitation.Plasma source and sample introduction. Instrumentation. Comparison of ICP-AES with AAS.Applications.

X-ray fluorescence spectroscopy: Principle. Instrumentation: wavelength and energy dispersived evices. Sources and detectors. Comparison between wavelength and energy dispersive techniques.Sample preparation for XRF. Matrix effects in XRF. Applications in qualitative and quantitative analysis.

Particle induced X-ray emission (PIXE): Basic principle, Instrumentation and applications. Electron microscopy: Principle, instrumentation and applications of scanning electron microscopy(SEM) and transmission electron microscopy (TEM)

#### Unit-III: Electrochemical methods of analysis-III

Ion selective electrodes: Theory of membrane potential. Types of ion-selective electrodes.

Construction of solid state electrodes, liquid membrane electrodes, glass membrane electrodes andenzyme electrodes, Selectivity coefficients, Glass electrodes with special reference to H<sup>+</sup>, Na<sup>+</sup> and K<sup>+</sup>ions. Applications of ISE in analysis of environmentally important anions like F<sup>-,</sup> Cl<sup>-</sup>, Br<sup>-,</sup> I<sup>-</sup>, NO<sup>3–</sup>andCN<sup>-</sup>. Advantages of ISE.

Coulometry: Principle. Coulometry at constant potential and constant current. Instrumentation. Applications and advantages of coulometric titrations.

*Electrochemical microscopy*: Introduction to scanning probe microscopy (SPM), scanning tunneling microscopy (STM), atomic force microscopy (AFM) and scanning electrochemical microscopy (SECM).

#### **Unit-IV: Thermal methods of analysis**

Introduction to different thermal methods, Thermogravimetry (TG and DTG), Static thermogravimetry, quasistatic thermogravimetry and dynamic thermogravimetry,

Instrumentation-Balances, X-Y recorder, Stanton-Redcroft TG-750, Thermogram, Factors affectingthermogram, Applications of thermogravimetry, Differential Thermal Analysis (DTA)- Theories, DTA curves, Factors affecting DTA curve, Applications of DTA,

15h

15h

15h

simultaneous determination inthermal analysis, Differential Scanning Calorimetry (DSC)-Introduction, Instrumentation, DSCcurves, factors affecting DSC curves, applications, Thermogravimetric titration-Theory,Instrumentation and applications.

# SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-II Semester IV ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY SPECIALIZATION MCSS42-A: Paper II (Special II-Analytical Chemistry)

60h (4h/week) 15h/ unit 80 Marks

#### Unit-I: Pharmaceutical and clinical analysis

15h

15h

Requirements of a quality control laboratory for pharmaceutical units.

Structures, category, identification (qualitative) and assay (quantitative) of following drugs 1. Antibiotics: Amoxycillin, Azithromycin, Cefixime, Levofloxacin

2. Antihistamine: Cetirizine, Cinnarizine

3. Vitamins: Thymine hydrochloride (Vitamin-B1) Riboflavin (Vitamin-B2), Ascorbic acid (Vitamin-C)

4. Analgesics: Diclofenac, paracetamol, Aspirin.

Composition of blood, sample collection for blood and urine, clinical analysis, Immuno Assay-RIA,Setting up of RIA and applications, Fluorescence Immunoassay, Enzyme immunoassay, Blood gasanalyzer, Trace elements in the body.

#### Unit-II: Soil analysis and coal analysis 15h

*Soil analysis*- Classification and composition, pH and conductivity, analysis of constitutents such asnitrogen, phosphorous, potassium and microconstitutents (Zn and Cu).

*Coal analysis*- Proximate analysis (moisture content, ash content, volatile matter, fixed carbon).Ultimate analysis (carbon, hydrogen, sulphur, nitrogen, oxygen content). Combustion of carbonaceous fuel- Flue gas. Calorific value and its units, Bomb calorimeter.

#### Unit-III: Corrosion and corrosion analysis 15h

Definition, draw backs and theories of corrosion-dry and wet corrosion, Different types of corrosion-Pit, Soil, chemical and electrochemical, intergrannular, waterline, microbial corrosion, measurement of corrosion by different methods, factors affecting corrosion, passivity, galvanic series, protection against corrosion, design and material selection.

#### **Unit-IV: Automation in analytical chemistry**

Automation in the laboratory, Principle of automation, automated instruments, classification, continuous analyzer, automatic instruments, semiautomatic instruments GeMSAEC Analyzer, FlowInjection Analysis (FIA), Dispersion coefficient, Factors af fecting Peak Height, microprocessorbased instruments, Numericals based on above.

*Hyphenated techniques*: Introduction to GC-MS, LC-MS, ICP-MS and MS-MS (Tandem) spectrometry.

# SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-II Semester IV ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY SPECIALIZATION MCSS45-A: Practical-I (Analytical Chemistry Special)

12 h /week Marks: 100

#### A. Organoanalytical chemistry

1. Estimation of sulphur, nitrogen, phosphorous, chlorine in organic compound.

- 2. Estimation of phenol.
- 3. Estimation of aniline.

#### **B.** Separation techniques

#### Ion exchange

1. Separation and estimation of zinc and magnesium/cadmium in a mixture on anion exchanger.

2. Separation and estimation of chloride and iodide in a mixture on anion exchanger.

3. Determination of total cation concentration in water.

#### Solvent extraction

- 1. Estimation of Copper using Na-DDC.
- 2. Estimation of Iron using 8-hydroxyquinoline.
- 3. Estimation of Nickel using DMG.
- 4. Estimation of Cobalt using 8-hydroxyquinoline.
- 5. Estimation of Nickel by synergistic extraction with 1,10-phenanthroline and dithizone.

#### Paper chromatography

- 1. Separation and estimation of copper and nickel in a mixture.
- 2. Separation and estimation of cobalt and nickel in a mixture.

#### Thin layer chromatography

- 1. Separation and estimation of bromophenol blue, congo red and phenol red in a mixture.
- 2. Separation and estimation of metal ions in mixture.

#### C. Water analysis

1. *Mineral analysis*: Ttemperature, pH, conductivity, turbidity, solids, alkalinity, chloride, fluoride,

sulphate, hardness

- 2. Demand analysis: DO, COD
- 3. Heavy metals: Fe, Cd and Pb

#### **D.** Demonstrations

- 1. Gas chromatography
- 2. HPLC

#### List of books:

- 1. Essentials of Nuclear Chemistry: H. J. Arnikar (Willey Eastern Ltd)
- 2. Substoichiometry in Radioanalytical Chemistry: J. Ruzicka and J Stary (Pergamon Press)
- 3. Thermal analysis: Blazek (translated by J. F. Tyson, Van Nostrand)
- 4. Instrumental Methods of Analysis: Willard, Meriit and Dean(Van Nostrand)
- 5. Instrumental Methods of Analysis: G. Chatwal and S. Anand (Himalaya Publishing House)

6. Vogel's Text Book of Quantitative inorganic Analysis: Bassett, Denney, Jeffery and Mendham (ELBS)

- 7. Advanced Analytical Chemistry: Meites and Thomas (McGraw-Hill)
- 8. Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy: Robinson (Marcel Dekker)
- 9. Instrumental Methods of chemical Analysis: Braun (Tata McGraw-Hill)
- 10. Radiochemistry: A. N. Nesmeyanov (Mir Publications)
- 11. Analysis of Water: Rodier
- 12. Ion selective electrods: Koryta (Cambridge University Press)
- 13. Instrumentation in analytical chemistry: Borman (American Chemical Society)
- 14. Industrial Chemistry: Arora and Singh (Anmol Publications)
- 15. Diffraction Methods: John Wormald (Clarendon Press)
- 16. Electroanalytical Chemistry: Bard (Dekker)
- 17. Analytical Chemistry by Open Learning (Wiley)
- 18. An Introduction to Electron Diffraction: Beeston (North Holand Publishing Co.)
- 19. Material Science and Engineering: V. Raghavan (Printice-Hall of India)
- 20. Practical Physical Chemistry: J. B. Yadav (Goel Publishing House)
- 21. Indian Pharmacoepia, Vol-I, II and III.

# SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-II Semester IV ELECTIVE PAPER MCSS43-E: Paper III (Elective- Environmental Chemistry)

60 h (4 h per week): 15 h per unit 80 Marks

#### **Unit-I: Water Pollution**

Pollutants- Types of pollutants, sources of water pollution, sampling, preservation and storage ofwater sample, physico –chemical, organoleptic and chemical analysis of water, electro-analytical,optical (UC-visible spectrophotometry, AAS, flame photometry, XRF, ICPAES), chromatographic (GCand HPLC) and neutron activation methods of analysis of Co, Ni, Cu, Fe, Mn, Zn, Cd, Pb, Hg, As, Cl- ,F-,SO4--,PO4-, NO3Historical development of detergents, chemistry of soaps and detergents.

#### **Unit-II: Air Pollution**

Natural versus polluted air, air quality standards, air sampling, analysis and control of Particulates, Chemistry and analysis of SOx, NOx, CO, ozone, hydrocarbons, CFCs. Chemistry of gaseous, liquidand solid fuels- gasoline and additives, antiknock agents. Air pollution control—control of

automobile emission and control measures in thermal power stations.

#### **Unit-III: Soil Pollution**

Types and sources of soil pollution, classification of soil pollutants, impact of soil pollution on airM quality, Specifications for disposal of sewage and effluent on land for irrigation and ground waterrecharge. Methodology of waste water disposal on land in India. Impact of usage of land for solidwaste disposal both municipal solid waste and industrial solid wastes (fly ash from thermal powerstation, lime sludge from paper and pulp industry), cause of soil erosion, effects of soil erosion, conservation of soil, control of soil pollution.

#### **Unit-IV: Solid waste pollution**

Sources, types and consequences, classification of wastes- domestic, industrial, municipal, hospital,nuclear and agricultural and their methods of disposal. Transfer and transport, Recycle, reuse,recovery, conversion of solid wastes -energy / manure. Analysis and monitoring of pesticides.Impact of toxic chemicals on enzymes, Biochemical effects of As, Cd, Pb and Hg, their metabolism,toxicity and treatment.

#### 15h

15h

# 15h

# SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-II Semester IV ELECTIVE PAPER MCSS43-P: Paper III (Elective- Polymer Chemistry)

60 h (4 h per week): 15 h per unit 80 Marks

#### **Unit I: Polymerization**

Types of polymerization, addition-chain, free radical, ionic polymerization, step polymerization, electropolymerization, ring-opening polymerization.

#### Unit II: Techniques of polymerization `

Techniques of polymerization-suspension, emulsion and bulk polymerization, coordination, polymerization mechanism of Ziegler Natta polymerization, stereospecific polymerization, interfacial polycondensation, mechanism of polymerization.

#### Unit III: Characterization of polymers `

Electronic, IR and NMR spectral methods for characterization of polymers (Block and Graft) Thermal methods-TGA, DTA, DSC, thermomechanical and X-ray diffraction study, Block and Graftcopolymers, random, block, graft co-polymers, methods of copolymerization.

#### Unit IV: Specific polymers `

A) Biomedical polymers: Contact lens, dental polymers, artificial heart, kidney and skin.

**B**) Inorganic polymers: Synthesis and application of silicon, phosphorous and sulphur containing polymers.

C) Coordination polymers: Synthesis and applications of coordination polymers.

# 15h

15h

15h

# **SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY** M.Sc.-II Semester IV **ELECTIVE PAPER** MCSS43-M: Paper III (Elective- Medicinal Chemistry)

60 h (4 h per week): 15 h per unit 80 Marks

#### **UNIT-I:**

A] Drug rules and drug acts, Overview of Intellectual property right, Indian and International framework for patent protection.

**B**] Statastical method: For sampling and interpretation of results, Statastic in quality control, T-Test, F-Test, Validation of analytical methods as defined proceeding USP Radio immune analysis, Investigational drugs.

C] Antidiabetic Agents- Type-I and Type-II diabetes, Insulin, thiazolidinediones, Synthesis of ciglitazone.

#### **UNIT-II:**

A] Anti-Viral agents: Inroduction, viral diseases, viral replication, and transformation of cells, investigation of antiviral agents,. Chemotherapy for HIV. Synhesis of: Idoexuidine, acyclovir, amantadine and cytarabin.

**B**] Anti-malarial agents: Introduction, malarial parasite, and its life cycle, development of antimalarials, chemotherapy of malaria. Synthesis of: Chloroquin, primaquin, proguanil, and Ouinacrine

C] Local Anti-infective drug: Introduction and general mode of action. Synthesis of sulphonamides, ciprofloxacin, norfloxacin, dapsone , amino salicylic acid, isoniazid, ethionamide, ethambutal, econozole, griseofulvin.

#### **UNIT-III:**

A) Histamines and Antihistamic agents: Introduction, histamine H1-receptor antagonists. Inhibitorsof histamine release. Synthesis of: alkyl amines, phenothiazines, piperzines derivatives.

**B)** Antibiotics: Introduction,  $\beta$ -lactam antibiotics, classification, SAR and chemical ofpenicillin, cephalosporins-classification antibioticsdegradation tetracycline antibiotics.Synthesis SAR.miscellaneous of ampicillin, cephradine, methacycline, chloramphenicol

#### **UNIT-IV:**

A) Anthelminitics and antiamoebic drugs: Introduction to Helminthiasis, Anthelminitics, drugs used in cestode infection, drugs used in trematode infection, origin of antiamoebic drug, drugs used in nematode infection. Synthesis of: Clioquinol, Iodoquinol, Haloquinol, Dichlorphen, Niclosamide.

B) Anti-inflammatory drugs: Introduction, etiology of inflammatory diseases. The inflammatoryresponse, biochemical response. Synthesis of: Phenyl butazone and its derivatives, pyrazolone derivatives, pyrole and indole acetic acid derivatives.

15h

15h

15h

### **SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY** M.Sc.-II Semester IV SPECTROCSOPY PAPER MCSS44: Paper IV-II: Spectroscopy - II 60 h (4 h per week): 15 h per unit 80 Marks

#### Unit I:

A] Ultraviolet and visible spectroscopy: Natural line width, line broadening, transition probability,Born-Oppenheimer approximation, rotational, vibrational and electronic energy levels. Generalnature of band spectra. Beer- Lambert Law, limitations, Frank-Condon principle, various electronictransitions, effect of solvent and conjugation on electronic transitions, Fiesher Wooodward rules fordienes, aldehydes and ketones. Structure differentiation of organic molecules by UV Spectroscopy

B] Photoelectron spectroscopy: Basic principles, photoelectric effect, ionization process, Koopmantheorem, PES and XPES, PES of simple molecules, ESCA, chemical information from ESCA, Augerelectron spectroscopy.

#### **Unit II: Nuclear magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy**

Magnetic properties of nuclei, resonance condition, NMR instrumentation, chemical shift, spin spininteraction, shielding mechanism, factors affecting chemical shift, PMR spectra for different types of organic molecules, effect of deuteration, complex spin spin interaction (1st order spectra), stereochemistry, variations of coupling constant with dihedral angle, electronegativity, Karplusequation etc., classification of molecules as AX, AX2, AMX, A2B2, Shift reagents. NMR studies of 13C, chemical shift in aliphatic, olefinic, alkyne, aromatic, heteroatomic and carbonyl compounds, 19F,31P. Structure determination of organic molecules by NMR spectroscopy

#### **Unit III:**

A] Application of NMR spectroscopy: FT-NMR, advantages of FT-NMR, two dimensional NMR spectroscopy-COSY, HETCOR, NOSEY, DEPT, INEPT, APT, INADEQUATE techniques, Nuclear overhauser effect, use of NMR in medical diagnosis

B] Problems based on structure determination of organic molecules by using NMR (1H and 13C nuclei)spectrometry (based on data and copies of the spectra)

#### **Unit IV: Diffraction techniques**

X ray diffraction: Braggs condition, Miller indices, Laue method, Bragg method, Debye Scherrer method, identification of unit cells from systematic absences in diffraction pattern, structure of simple lattices and x-ray intensity, structure factor and its relation to intensity and electron density, absolute configuration of molecules. Electron diffraction: scattering intensity vs scattering angle, Wierl equation, measurementtechniques, elucidation of structure of simple gas phase molecules, low energy electron diffraction and structure of surfaces.

Neutron diffraction: Scattering of neutrons by solids and liquids, magnetic scattering, measurementtechniques, elucidation of structure of magnetically ordered unit cell.

#### 15h

15h

#### List of books

1] Spectroscopic identification of organic compound-RM Silverstein,GC Bassler and TC Morril, JohnWally

2] Introduction to NMR spectroscopy-R. J. Abraham, J. Fisher and P Loftus Wiely

3] Application of Spectroscopy to Organic Compound-J. R. Dyer, Printice Hall

4] Organic Spectroscopy-William Kemp, ELBS with McMillan

5] Spectroscopy of Organic Molecule-PS Kalsi, Wiley, Esterna, New Delhi

6] Practical NMR Spectroscopy-ML Martin, JJ Delpench, and DJ Martyin

7] Spectroscopic Methods in Organic Chemistry-DH Willson, I Fleming

8] Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy-CN Banwell

9] Spectroscopy in Organic Chemistry-CNR Rao and JR Ferraro

10] Photoelectron Spectroscopy-Baber and Betteridge

11] Electron Spin Resonance Spectroscopy-J Wertz and JR Bolten

12] NMR –Basic Principle and Application-H Guntur

13] Interpretation of NMR spectra-Roy H Bible

14] Interpretation of IR spectra-NB Coulthop

15] Electron Spin Resonance Theory and Applications-W gordy

16] Mass Spectrometry Organic Chemical Applications, JH Banyon

17] Spectroscopy- H. Kaur

### SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-II Semester IV CHEMISTRY PROJECT MCSS46: Practical II- Project 12 h/week 100 Marks

Project is a part of practical examination. Project should be carried out by the student under the supervision of Guide/Teacher. The examination shall be conducted by External and Internal Examiners. Students are supposed to present their work either on LCD Projector / OHP or blackboard.

#### The division of marks will be as follows:

For written Project Work : 40 Marks - Evaluated jointly by External and Internal Examiners Presentation : 20 Marks - Evaluated jointly by External and Internal Examiners For Viva-Voce : 20 Marks - Evaluated by External Examiner Internal Assessment : 20 Marks - Evaluated by Internal Examiner

#### Note: One external examiner shall be appointed for evaluation of group of 6 students.

# SUBJECT- CHEMISTRY M.Sc.-II Semester IV SEMINAR MCSS47: Seminar-IV

2 h /week Marks: 25

Seminar of 30 minutes duration will be a part of internal assessment for 25 marks. Seminar should be delivered by the student under the guidance of concerned teacher on the topic allotted by the teacher. The topic will be related to the syllabus. Marks will be allotted by a group of teachers.